

GRADE 2

Mathematics

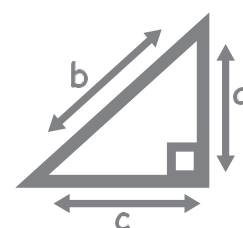
**Teacher Toolkit:
CAPS Planner, Tracker
and Assessment
Resources**

2021 TERM 1



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ABOUT THE PLANNER AND TRACKER

The curriculum and assessment planner and tracker is a tool to support teachers in several ways:

- It provides a plan of what should be taught each day of the term based on the daily lesson plans. By following the programme in the tracker and the lesson plans, you will be sure to cover the curriculum in the allocated time, and to complete the formal assessment programme.
- It enables you to track your progress through the curriculum during the term. By noting the date when each lesson is completed you can see whether or not you are 'on track'. If you are not, you can strategise with your head of department and peers on how to ensure that all the work for the term is completed.
- The planner and tracker encourage you to reflect on what works well in your lessons, and where your work could be strengthened. These reflections can be shared with colleagues. In this way, the tracker encourages continuous improvement in teaching practice.

It gives support for assessment by providing the following:

– **Guidelines for oral and practical assessment activities**

Each week in the tracker table (after the daily lesson plan information) there is a statement of an activity that you can use for oral and/or practical assessment in that week. The activity links to one of the CAPS topics being taught in that week and should be carried out during those lessons (and completed during the open lesson at the end of the week if necessary). The activity statement is brief – it indicates what content is being tested. A rubric or checklist is given with criteria to clarify how you can allocate marks for the activity.

The activity statement and rubric/checklist should be used together as they give the

full description of the activity and what has to be done in the activity. Most of the oral and practical assessment activities are formal but some of them are informal (this is indicated in the tracker table).

– **An Assessment Term Plan**

This gives an overview of the planned assessment for the term. The plan includes the oral and practical (formal and informal) assessment activities and the written assessment items applicable to each week. Formal assessment has been planned to allow time for teachers to establish the routine at the beginning of each term and to enter marks into SA SAMS at the end of the term.

– **A suggested mark record sheet**

The sheet has columns in which you can record the marks for each of the formal assessments provided. This sheet follows the Assessment Term Plan. You can copy this sheet and add your learners' names in the left hand column. The record sheet should help you when you have to enter marks into SA SAMS. If the 'out of' marks for the assessment activities you have used are not the same as those shown in SA SAMS, you can change those in SA SAMS. SA SAMS will automatically adjust the weightings and will provide the correct level for each learner.

– **An item bank of questions**

These can be used for written assessment on each of the CAPS content areas, with marking guidelines. These are referenced in the resource column of the tracker, linked to the lesson to which the assessment applies. These items can be used individually or grouped, at your discretion. You should ensure that you mark written work on each of the topics taught and give learners feedback on their work regularly.

You should file your completed tracker at the end of each term.

It is important to note that:

- The first term is not always the same length. If the term in which you are using the lesson plans and tracker is longer or shorter than 11 weeks, you will need to adjust the pace at which you work to complete the work in the time available or make another plan to stay on track.
- The DBE workbook pages in this tracker refer to pages in the 2017 edition of the workbook. These might not be the same as the pages in the edition to which you will refer. You should check the references to each worksheet and adjust them in the Lesson Plans and the tracker if necessary, each year.
- NB: It is possible that the formal assessment requirements published in CAPS will change in response to Circular S1 of 2017. However, at the time of printing this tracker, no updated information was available. When you receive official notification of changes, please adjust the programme here and in the trackers accordingly.

The following components are provided in the columns of the planner and tracker tables for each week:

1. Day of the week.
2. CAPS content, concepts and skills for the day.
3. The lesson number in the Lesson Plans.
4. DBE workbook page to be used in the lesson.
5. Resources needed (and written assessment item when applicable).
6. Date completed (this needs to be filled in each day).

Weekly reflection

The tracker gives you space to reflect on your Mathematics lessons on a weekly basis. You can share this reflection with your HOD and discuss

things that worked or did not go so well in your lesson. Together with your HOD you can think of ways of improving on the daily work that the learners in your class are doing.

When you reflect you could think about things such as?

- Was your preparation for the lesson adequate? For instance, did you have all the necessary resources? Had you thought through the content so that you understood it fully and so could teach it effectively?
- Did the purpose of the lesson succeed? For instance, did the learners reach a good understanding of the key concepts for the day? Could they use the language expected from them? Could they write what was expected from them?
- Did the learners cope with the work set for the day? For instance, did they finish the classwork? Was their classwork done adequately? Did you assign the homework?

Briefly write down your reflection weekly, following the prompts in the tracker.

- *What went well?*
- *What did not go well?*
- *What did the learners find difficult or easy to understand or do?*
- *What will you do to support or extend learners?*
- *Did you complete all the work set for the week?*
- *If not, how will you get back on track?*
- *What will you change next time? Why?*

The reflection should be based on the daily lessons you have taught each week. It will provide you with a record for the next time you implement the same lesson. It also forms the basis for collegial conversations with your head of department and your peers.

ADJUSTED SCHOOL CALENDAR

SCHOOL TERMS	DATES	TEACHING DAYS
Term 1	15 February - 23 April	50(10 weeks)
Term 2	3 May – 9 July	50(10 weeks)
Term 3	28 July – 01 October	50(10 weeks)
Term 4	11 Oct - 15 Dec	48(10 weeks)

NOTES:

- **TEACHING APPROACH** impact on the number of teaching and learning days. (eg: ROTATION – approx. 25 days)
- **NECT TERM 1** trimmed tracker has 32 teaching and learning days and 15 Consolidation, Remediation & Assessment days

ROUTINE

REMEMBER: THE TEACHER MUST DO MAT WORK AND EMPLOY GROUP TEACHING

BELOW IS A GUIDE TO SUPPORT THE TEACHER WITH ORGANISING THE LEARNERS INTO AT LEAST 3 GROUPS, BIGGER CLASSES WILL HAVE MORE GROUPS...

- if the class size is approx. 36.
- divide the class into 3 groups – to facilitate teaching, this also helps the teacher to recognise the learning potential of her 36 learners.
- groups can be differentiated/ ability groups or mixed groups – decide which will suit effective teaching and learning best for the context.
- practice one of the 2 rotation of group methods below.
- be mindful that effective teaching and learning aims to lay solid foundations for learning hence the teacher must be well organised and plan every day to deliver nothing but the best!

BELOW IS THE 3 WEEK CYCLE FOR ROTATION OF GROUPS

WEEK 1					
MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	
Group 1 and 2	Group 2 and 3	Group 3 and 1	Group 1 and 2	Group 2 and 3	(1 x 3, 2 x 4, 3 x 3)
WEEK 2					
MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	
Group 3 and 1	Group 1 and 2	Group 2 and 3	Group 3 and 1	Group 1 and 2	(1 x 4, 2 x 3, 3 x 3)
WEEK 2					
MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	
Group 2 and 3	Group 3 and 1	Group 1 and 2	Group 2 and 3	Group 3 and 1	(1 x 3, 2 x 3, 3 x 4)

ALTERNATIVELY, SOME TEACHERS PREFER TO EMBRACE A GROUP ORIENTATION WHEREBY THEY TEACH EACH GROUP ON A DAILY BASIS.

MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY
Group 1 and 3	Group 2 and 3	Group 1 and 3	Group 2 and 3	Whole class teaching

The plus factor here is that the teacher manages to teach the third group daily and the other groups will be able to complete more written work independently at the tables.

Since there are 7 hours allocated for Mathematics the following as in the lesson above is a suggestion.

WEEK: 7 hrs	
PER DAY 1 hr 24 min × 5 = 7 hrs	
Counting	5 min
Consolidation of Concepts	10 min
New Concept	20 min
Group work	24 × 2 groups = 48 min

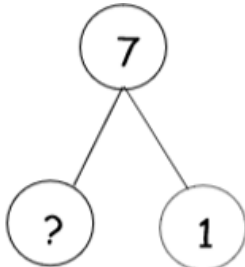
PLANNER AND TRACKER

15 – 19 February 2021

RECOMMENDATION

BASLEINE/READINESS ASSESSMENT:

- **WHEN:** to take place alongside teaching and learning
- **SUGGESTED NUMBER OF ITEMS:** Grade 1 = 10 / Grade 2 = 15 and Grade 3 = 20
- **ITEM BANK:** Items can be from previous:
 - BASELINE/READINESS assessment
 - Assessment Resources in this TRACKER or the
 - DBE Item Bank.
- **PREPARATION:** Test, Marking Guideline/s, Marksheet and apparatus

Week 1: REVISION AND BASELINE ASSESSMENT			
Topic	CAPS topic	DBE workbook	Exemplars
1	Number concept	Worksheet 3 (pp. 6, 7)	Write twenty as a number. Answer: _____
2	Building up and breaking down numbers	Worksheet 1 (p. 2) Worksheet 4 (p. 9)	What is the missing number in the circle?  a. 6 b. 7 c. 8 d. 9
3	Addition and subtraction	Worksheet 5 (p. 10) Worksheet 6 (p. 13)	
4	Repeated addition	Worksheet 2 (p. 4) Worksheet 4 (p. 8) Worksheet 5 (p. 10) Worksheet 7 (p. 14)	
5	Sharing and grouping	Worksheet 5 (p. 11) Worksheet 6 (p. 12)	
6	Balls and boxes	Worksheet 9 (pp. 18, 19)	
7	Measurement	Worksheet 10 (p. 20) Worksheet 11 (p. 22) Worksheet 12 (p. 24)	Which one of the sentences are correct? a. 1 and 4 make 3 b. 2 and 6 make 8 c. 3 and 5 make 9 d. 5 and 2 make 6
8	Data handling	Worksheet 15 (p. 30) Worksheet 16 (p. 32)	
Reflection			
Think about and make a note of: What went well? What did not go well? What did the learners find difficult or easy to understand or do? What will you do to support or extend learners? Did you complete all the work set for the week? If not, how will you get back on track?		What will you change next time? Why?	
		HOD: _____ Date: _____	

1 – 5 MARCH 2021

Week 3					
Day	CAPS content, concepts, skills	LP no.	DBE workbook	Resources	Date completed
6	Length: Estimate, measure, compare, order and record length using non-standardised measures as part of informal measuring; Introduce how to estimate, measure, compare, order and record length using metres as the standardised unit of length as a part of formal measuring	6	Worksheet 10 (p. 20)	Paper, scissors, pencils, sticks, counters, a metre stick	
7	Length: Describe the length of objects by counting and stating how many informal units long they are, using language to talk about the comparison, e.g. shorter, longer, taller and wider	7	Worksheet 10 (p. 21)	Empty match boxes, broom, a metre stick Written assessment items 18 and 19	
8	Counting on and back: Addition and subtraction 1 to 20; Solve word problems in context and explain own solutions to problems involving addition and subtraction with answers up to 20 and using appropriate symbols (+, -, =, □)	8	Worksheet 20 (pp. 40, 41) Worksheet 23b (pp. 48, 49)	Counters	
9	Number bonds and family facts: Addition and subtraction 1 to 20: Solve word problems in context and explain own solutions to problems involving addition and subtraction with answers up to 20 and using appropriate symbols (+, -, =, □)	9	Worksheet 23a (pp. 46, 47)	Counters Written assessment items 7 and 8	
10	Complete and consolidate the week's assessment and work	n/a			
<p align="center">Week 3 Assessment Activity: ORAL and PRACTICAL – FORMAL</p> CAPS: Measurement: Length Activity: Observe learners' ability to work with length concepts, use length vocabulary and compare lengths					Mark: 17
Mark (percentage)	Criteria – rubric				
1 (0%–29%)	Does not understand simple length concepts				
2 (30%–39%)	Needs help to describe simple length concepts				
3 (40%–49%)	Knows and can describe: length – shorter, longer, taller and wider but makes errors most times				
4 (50%–59%)	Knows and can describe: length – shorter, longer, taller and wider but makes few errors sometimes				
5 (60%–69%)	Knows and can describe: length – shorter, longer, taller and wider almost always correctly				
6 (70%–79%)	Knows and can describe: length – shorter, longer, taller and wider always correctly				
7 (80%–100%)	Knows and can describe: length – shorter, longer, taller and wider correctly, competently and confidently				
Reflection					
Think about and make a note of: What went well? What did not go well? What did the learners find difficult or easy to understand or do? What will you do to support or extend learners? Did you complete all the work set for the week? If not, how will you get back on track?			What will you change next time? Why?		
			HOD:		Date:

Week 4					
Day	CAPS content, concepts, skills	LP no.	DBE workbook	Resources	Date completed
11	Building up and breaking down numbers: Addition and subtraction 1 to 20: Solve word problems	10	Worksheet 24 (pp. 50, 51)	Base 10 blocks (see <i>Printable Resources</i>) Written assessment item 9	
12	Near doubles: Addition and subtraction 1 to 20: Solve word problems in context and explain own solutions to problems involving addition and subtraction with answers up to 20 and using appropriate symbols (+, -, =, □)	12		Counters	
13	Mass: Starting to understand kilograms: Compare, order and record the mass of commercially packaged goods which have their mass stated in kilograms, e.g. 2 kilograms of rice and 1 kilogram of flour; Measure own mass in kilograms using a bathroom scale	13	Worksheet 11 (pp. 22, 23)	Bathroom scale, a balance scale, some 1 kg bags and smaller bags (500 g, 250 g)	
14	Bridging through 10 and working in tens: Addition and subtraction 1 to 20: Solve word problems in context and explain own solutions to problems involving addition and subtraction with answers up to 20 and using appropriate symbols (+, -, =, □)	14	Worksheet 21 (pp. 42, 43)	Unifix cubes, number lines	
15	Complete and consolidate the week's assessment and work	n/a			
Week 4 Assessment Activity: PRACTICAL – FORMAL					
CAPS: Numbers, operations and relationships: Place value					
Activity: Observe learners' ability to recognise and represent place value in numbers up to 25					Mark: /7
Mark (percentage)	Criteria – rubric				
1 (0%–29%)	Unable to recognise or represent place value in numbers up to 25				
2 (30%–39%)	Can bundle sticks into tens and ones but cannot say number name correctly using place value				
3 (40%–49%)	Able to read number names but cannot break them down according to place value and make a concrete display				
4 (50%–59%)	Able to recognise and represent place value in concrete displays but confuses tens and units				
5 (60%–69%)	Able to recognise and represent place value in concrete displays using base ten blocks but not an abacus				
6 (70%–79%)	Able to recognise and represent place value in concrete displays using base ten blocks and an abacus				
7 (80%–100%)	Able to recognise and represent place value in concrete displays of numbers beyond 25				
Reflection					
Think about and make a note of: What went well? What did not go well? What did the learners find difficult or easy to understand or do? What will you do to support or extend learners? Did you complete all the work set for the week? If not, how will you get back on track?			What will you change next time? Why?		
			HOD:		Date:

Week 5					
Day	CAPS content, concepts, skills	LP no.	DBE workbook	Resources	Date completed
16	Tens (equivalent groups) and counting in tens: Copy, extend and describe simple number sequences to at least 100; Drawings or concrete apparatus like counters should be used to solve problems	15	Worksheet 31 (p. 64)	Unifix cubes	
17	Tens sharing and groups: Solve and explain solutions to practical problems that involve equal sharing and grouping up to 20 with answers that may include remainders	17		Counters, Unifix cubes	
18	Number patterns – 10: Copy, extend and describe simple number sequences to at least 100 and they should show counting forwards and backwards in tens from any multiple of 10	18	Worksheet 31 (p. 65)	1–100 number board (see <i>Printable Resources</i>), counters	
19	Geometric patterns: Copy, extend and describe in words simple patterns made with drawings of lines, shapes or objects; Create own geometric patterns with physical objects or by drawing lines, shapes or objects	20	Worksheet 28 (pp. 58, 59)	Shapes to make patterns	
20	Complete and consolidate the week's assessment and work	n/a			
Week 5 Assessment Activity: ORAL – FORMAL					
CAPS: Numbers, operations and relationships: Counting					Mark:
Activity: Observe learners' ability to count forward and backwards in tens in an interval up to 100					/7
Mark (percentage)	Criteria – rubric				
1 (0%–29%)	Cannot count in 10s				
2 (30%–39%)	Counts verbally in 10s but needs constant assistance				
3 (40%–49%)	Counts verbally in 10s when assisted but makes lots of mistakes				
4 (50%–59%)	Counts verbally in 10s with some assistance				
5 (60%–69%)	Counts verbally in 10s but makes a few careless errors				
6 (70%–79%)	Counts verbally in 10s independently and confidently up to 100				
7 (80%–100%)	Counts verbally in 10s independently and consistently up to 100 and beyond				
Reflection					
Think about and make a note of: What went well? What did not go well? What did the learners find difficult or easy to understand or do? What will you do to support or extend learners? Did you complete all the work set for the week? If not, how will you get back on track?			What will you change next time? Why?		
			HOD:		
			Date:		

Week 6					
Day	CAPS content, concepts, skills	LP no.	DBE workbook	Resources	Date completed
21	Geometric patterns: Copy, extend and describe in words simple patterns made with drawings of lines, shapes or objects; Create own geometric patterns with physical objects or by drawing lines, shapes or objects	21		Unifix cubes, counters Written assessment item 16	
22	Data: Collect and sort data; Present data in a pictograph, analyse it and interpret the data	22	Worksheet 15 (pp. 30, 31)	Coloured shapes	
23	Complete, consolidate, revise the work and Complete assessment	n/a			
24	Data: Collect data to answer questions posed by the teacher	23	Worksheet 16 (pp. 32, 33)	Old magazines/advertisers, scissors, Unifix cubes (for remediation)	
25	Complete and consolidate the week's assessment and work	n/a			
Week 6 Assessment Activity: PRACTICAL – FORMAL					
CAPS: Patterns and algebra: Geometric patterns					Mark:
Activity: Observe learners' ability to copy and extend geometric patterns					/7
Mark (percentage)	Criteria – rubric				
1 (0%–29%)	Unable to copy, extend or describe geometric patterns				
2 (30%–39%)	Able to copy geometric patterns				
3 (40%–49%)	Able to extend geometric patterns when assisted but makes many mistakes				
4 (50%–59%)	Able to extend geometric patterns when assisted but makes a few mistakes				
5 (60%–69%)	Able to extend geometric patterns without assistance but makes a few mistakes				
6 (70%–79%)	Able to extend geometric patterns without assistance correctly always				
7 (80%–100%)	Able to extend geometric patterns confidently and correctly				
Reflection					
Think about and make a note of: What went well? What did not go well? What did the learners find difficult or easy to understand or do? What will you do to support or extend learners? Did you complete all the work set for the week? If not, how will you get back on track?			What will you change next time? Why?		
			HOD: _____ Date: _____		

Week 7					
Day	CAPS content, concepts, skills	LP no.	DBE workbook	Resources	Date completed
26	3-D objects: Recognise and name 3-D objects in the classroom and in pictures like ball shapes (spheres) and box shapes (cubes); Describe, sort and compare 3-D objects in terms of size, objects that roll and objects that slide	25	Worksheet 32 (p. 66)	Balls, boxes, marbles, old magazines/adverts, pictures of boxes, balls and bricks Written assessment item 17	
27	Building with 3-D objects: Observe and build 3-D objects from materials such as cut-out 2-D shapes, building blocks, recycled materials, construction kits and other 3-D geometric objects	26	Worksheet 32 (p. 67)	Balls, boxes, books, building blocks, empty match boxes	
28	Complete, consolidate, revise the work and Complete assessment	n/a			
29	Fives (equivalent groups) and counting in fives: Copy, extend and describe simple number sequences to at least 100 and they should show counting forwards and backwards in fives from any multiple of 5	27	Worksheet 30 (p. 62)	Unifix cubes, counters Written assessment item 11 and 14	
30	Complete and consolidate the week's assessment and work	n/a			
Week 7 Assessment Activity: PRACTICAL – FORMAL CAPS: Data handling: Collecting and representing data Activity: Observe learners' ability to collect, present, analyse and interpret data in a pictograph					Mark: /7
Mark (percentage)	Criteria – rubric				
1 (0%–29%)	Collects data				
2 (30%–39%)	Collects and sorts the data				
3 (40%–49%)	Collects, sorts and describes the sorted data				
4 (50%–59%)	Collects, sorts, describes and organises data in a table				
5 (60%–69%)	Organises data in a table and answers questions posed by the teacher				
6 (70%–79%)	Tabulates and represents data in a pictograph				
7 (80%–100%)	Tabulates and represents data and answer questions about data in a pictograph				
Reflection					
Think about and make a note of: What went well? What did not go well? What did the learners find difficult or easy to understand or do? What will you do to support or extend learners? Did you complete all the work set for the week? If not, how will you get back on track?			What will you change next time? Why?		
			HOD: _____ Date: _____		

Week 8						
Day	CAPS content, concepts, skills		LP no.	DBE workbook	Resources	Date completed
31	Number patterns – 5: Copy, extend and describe simple number sequences to at least 100 and be able to count forwards and backwards in fives from any multiple of 5 between 1 and 100		30	Worksheet 28 (p. 60)	1–100 number board (see <i>Printable Resources</i>), counters	
32	Patterns of five: Copy, extend and describe simple number sequences to at least 100 and they should show counting forwards and backwards in fives from any multiple of 5 between 1 and 100		31	Worksheet 28 (p. 61)	1–100 number board, number lines (see <i>Printable Resources</i>)	
33	Complete, consolidate, revise the work and Complete assessment		n/a			
34	Money: Recognise and identify the South African coins (5c, 10c, 20c, 50c, R1, R2, R5), and bank notes (R10, R20, R50); Solve money problems involving totals and change in cents up to 50c, or rands to R50		33	Worksheet 26 (pp. 54, 55)	Money cut-outs (see <i>Printable Resources</i>) Written assessment item 12	
35	Complete and consolidate the week's assessment and work		n/a			
Week 8 Assessment Activity: ORAL and PRACTICAL – INFORMAL						
CAPS: Space and shape – 3-D objects						
Activity: Observe learners' ability to recognise, sort and compare ball shapes and box shapes						Mark: 17
Mark	Criteria – Checklist: 1 mark for each criterion achieved					
1	Able to recognise and name ball shapes					
1	Able to recognise and name box shapes					
1	Able to recognise and name ball shapes and box shapes					
1	Able to recognise and compare ball shapes according to size and colour					
1	Able to recognise and compare box shapes according to size and colour					
1	Able to compare and sort 3-D objects according to shapes that roll and shapes that slide					
1	Able to describe, sort and compare and 3-D objects according to size of shape, colour and shapes that roll or shapes that slide					
1 (0%–29%) 1 of 7 criteria	2 (30%–39%) 2 of 7 criteria	3 (40%–49%) 3 of 7 criteria	4 (50%–59%) 4 of 7 criteria	5 (60%–69%) 5 of 7 criteria	6 (70%–79%) 6 of 7 criteria	7 (80%–100%) 7 of 7 criteria
Reflection						
Think about and make a note of: What went well? What did not go well? What did the learners find difficult or easy to understand or do? What will you do to support or extend learners? Did you complete all the work set for the week? If not, how will you get back on track?				What will you change next time? Why?		

12-16 APRIL 2021

Week 9					
Day	CAPS content, concepts, skills	LP no.	DBE workbook	Resources	Date completed
36	Twos (equivalent groups) and counting in twos: Solve problems and explain solutions in context, involving addition and subtraction up to 20, using appropriate symbols (+, -, =, □)	34	Worksheet 29 (p. 60)	Unifix cubes, counters Written assessment item 15	
37	Twos arrays: Copy, extend and describe simple number sequences to at least 100 and count forwards and backwards in twos from any multiple of 2; Drawings or concrete apparatus like counters may be used to solve problems	35	Worksheet 29 (p. 61)	Unifix cubes, counters	
38	Complete, consolidate, revise the work and Complete assessment	n/a			
39	Twos sharing and grouping: Solve and explain solutions to practical problems that involve equal sharing and grouping up to 20 with answers that may include remainders	36		Unifix cubes, counters Written assessment item 13	
40	Complete and consolidate the week's assessment and work	n/a			
Week 9 Assessment Activity: ORAL – INFORMAL					
CAPS: Numbers, operations and relationships: Counting					Mark:
Activity: Observe learners' ability to count forward and backwards in fives in an interval up to 100					/7
Mark (percentage)	Criteria – rubric				
1 (0%–29%)	Cannot count in 5s				
2 (30%–39%)	Counts verbally in 5s but needs constant assistance				
3 (40%–49%)	Counts verbally in 5s when assisted but makes lots of mistakes				
4 (50%–59%)	Counts verbally in 5s with some assistance				
5 (60%–69%)	Counts verbally in 5s but makes a few careless errors				
6 (70%–79%)	Counts verbally in 5s independently and confidently up to 100				
7 (80%–100%)	Counts verbally in 5s independently and consistently up to 100 and beyond				
Reflection					
<p>Think about and make a note of: What went well? What did not go well? What did the learners find difficult or easy to understand or do? What will you do to support or extend learners? Did you complete all the work set for the week? If not, how will you get back on track?</p>			<p>What will you change next time? Why?</p>		
			HOD:		Date:

Week 10					
Day	CAPS content, concepts, skills	LP no.	DBE workbook	Resources	Date completed
41	Number patterns – twos: Copy, extend and describe simple number sequences to at least 100 and count forwards and backwards in twos from any multiple of 2 between 1 and 100	37		Counters, 1–100 number board (see <i>Printable Resources</i>)	
42	Time: Telling the time: Knowing the days of the week and months of the year	39	Worksheet 13 (pp. 26, 27) Revision	Days and months name cards, a copy of the calendar month of March	
43	Complete, consolidate, revise the work and Complete assessment	n/a			
44	Time: Calendars: Place birthdays, religious festivals, public holidays, historical events and school events on a calendar	40	Worksheet 14a (p. 28) and Worksheet 14b (p. 29) Worksheet 22 (pp. 44, 45)	Different types of calendars, a copy of the calendar month of December, month name cards (make your own), analogue clock (see <i>Printable Resources</i>)	
45	Complete and consolidate the week’s assessment and work	n/a			
Week 10 Assessment Activity: ORAL – INFORMAL					
CAPS: Patterns and algebra: Number patterns Activity: Observe learners’ ability to copy, extend and describe simple number patterns in twos to at least 100					Mark: /7
Mark (percentage)	Criteria – rubric				
1 (0%–29%)	Unable to complete number patterns				
2 (30%–39%)	Able to complete number patterns when only one term is required				
3 (40%–49%)	Able to complete number patterns in the range to 30 when a number of terms are required but with some mistakes				
4 (50%–59%)	Able to complete number patterns in the range to 30 when a number of terms are required with no mistakes				
5 (60%–69%)	Able to complete number patterns in the range to 100 when a number of terms are required but with some mistakes				
6 (70%–79%)	Able to complete number patterns in the range to 100 when a number of terms are required with no mistakes				
7 (80%–100%)	Able to complete number patterns beyond 100 when a number of terms are required with no mistakes				
Reflection					
Think about and make a note of: What went well? What did not go well? What did the learners find difficult or easy to understand or do? What will you do to support or extend learners? Did you complete all the work set for the week? If not, how will you get back on track?			What will you change next time? Why?		
			HOD:		Date:

Assessment Activity: ORAL and PRACTICAL – INFORMAL		Mark:
CAPS: Measurement: Time		17
Activity: Observe learners' ability to tell 12-hour time in hours on analogue clocks		
Mark (percentage)	Criteria – rubric	
1 (0%–29%)	Unable to tell the time using an analogue clock	
2 (30%–39%)	Able to tell the time shown on an analogue clock with lots of assistance	
3 (40%–49%)	Able to tell and show the time shown on an analogue clock with lots of assistance	
4 (50%–59%)	Able to tell the time shown on an analogue clock with a little assistance	
5 (60%–69%)	Able to tell and show the time shown on an analogue clock with a little assistance	
6 (70%–79%)	Able to tell the time shown on an analogue clock with no assistance	
7 (80%–100%)	Able to tell and show the time shown on an analogue clock with no assistance	
Reflection		
<p>Think about and make a note of: What went well? What did not go well? What did the learners find difficult or easy to understand or do? What will you do to support or extend learners? Did you complete all the work set for the week? If not, how will you get back on track?</p>		<p>What will you change next time? Why?</p>
HOD:		Date:

ASSESSMENT RESOURCES

1. ASSESSMENT TERM PLAN

The assessment term plan gives an overview of how the formal and informal assessment programme fits into the weekly lesson plans.

Note:

- The practical and oral activities provided in the tracker link to the lesson activities in the week in which they are to be done.
- The written assessment items and guidelines for marking them are included at the end of this document.

Written assessment tasks are to be selected and marked by teachers in appropriate lessons according to the lesson plans. Teachers may wish to group the items or use them individually.

Week	Informal Assessment Activities	Formal Assessment Activities
1	Revision activities	Baseline assessment notes
2	Oral and practical: Activity 1 Numbers, operations and relationships – Counting Written: Item bank questions 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 Numbers, operations and relationships	
3		Oral and Practical: Activity 2 Measurement – Length Written: Item bank questions 6, 18 and 19 Number and measurement
4		Oral and Practical: Activity 3 Numbers, operations and relationships – Place value Written: Item bank questions 7, 8, 9 and 10 Number
5		Oral: Activity 4 Numbers, operations and relationships – Counting in tens
6		Oral: Activity 5 Patterns and Algebra – Geometric patterns
7		Practical: Activity 6 Data handling – Collecting and representing data Written: Item bank questions 16 and 20 Patterns and Data handling
8	Oral: Activity 8 Numbers, operations and relationships – Counting	Practical: Activity 7 Space and shape – 3-D shapes Written: Item bank questions 11, 14 and 17 Number and Space and shape
9	Oral: Activity 9 Patterns and Algebra – Number patterns	
10	Oral and Practical: Activity 10 Measurement – Time Written: Item bank questions 11, 14 and 17 Number and Patterns	

3. EXEMPLAR WRITTEN ASSESSMENT ITEMS WITH SUGGESTED MARKING MEMOS

Resources that can be used for written assessment of each curriculum content strand and their memos are given in the following section. They are given in bilingual format.

Written assessment is to be done in addition to oral and practical assessment to carry out meaningful continuous assessment throughout the term. The tracker provides a suggested set of oral and practical assessment activities with rubrics or checklists that can be used to help you carry out your oral and practical assessment of learners.

You need to plan when you will do written assessment. We suggest you do it during the lessons in which you are teaching the same content (links to the items are given in the *Resources* column of the tracker). The questions provided here are taken from past written assessment papers that were previously in the lesson plans but they have been grouped according to content area. We suggest you use selected items as smaller written assessment tasks. This aligns better with the curriculum objective of continuous assessment in Foundation Phase.

You can choose to mark and record the mark of the selected items OR of an equivalent classwork activity.

There is one lesson "slot" per week that is assigned for you to catch up or consolidate the lesson plan content covered in the week's lessons. This lesson should also be used for the purpose of carrying out written assessment tasks or to complete oral or practical tasks for that week.

Written assessment item mark breakdown (according to exemplar items)

1. Written assessment items for Number and operations

There are several assessment items for Number and operations. These are linked in the *Resources* column of the tracker. You could use the following sheet to record the written assessment marks for Number and operations per learner as the term progresses. You can then add the marks to get a mark out of 31 for each learner. This mark can then be inserted into the column for the total mark for written assessment of Number and operations in the suggested overall exemplar mark sheet.

There is also a column in the overall formal assessment mark record sheet for the total mark per learner for written assessment in each of the other CAPS curriculum strands: Pattern, Space and shape, Measurement and Data handling. The information below summarises the items for these content topics given in the exemplar items.

2. Written assessment items for Pattern

Questions 14, 15 and 16 – Marks $1 + 5 + 4 = 10$

3. Written assessment items for Space and shape

Questions 17 – Marks 4

4. Written assessment items for Measurement

Questions 18 and 19 – Marks $1 + 1 = 2$

5. Written assessment items for Data handling

Questions 20 – Marks 8

The exemplar items and suggested marking memoranda for these items are given on the pages that follow.

Written Assessment: English / isiXhosa

4. ITEM BANK FOR WRITTEN ASSESSMENT

Written assessment items for Number, operations and relationships

Question 1

Umbuzo 1

(4)

- a) Draw objects for the number 15, showing tens and units.
Zoba izinto zenani 15, ubonise amashuminemivo.
- b) Draw objects for the number 23, showing tens and units.
Zoba izinto zenani 23, ubonise amashuminemivo.

Question 2

Umbuzo 2

(2)

- a) Write the number name for 12.
Bhala igama lenani 12.
- _____
- b) Write the number name for 21.
Bhala igama lenani 21.
- _____

Question 3

Umbuzo 3

(2)

Circle the biggest number and make a cross over the smallest number.
Biyela ngesangqa elona nani likhulu, uze ubhale umnqamlezo phezu kwelona nani lincinane.

16	14	11	18	17	19	13
----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Question 4

Umbuzo 4

(1)

Arrange these numbers from biggest to smallest: 11, 19, 21, 10.
Hlela lezi zinombolo uqale ngenkulu kunazo zonke uye kwencane kunazo zonke: 11, 19, 21, 10.

Question 5

Umbuzo 5

(1)

Arrange these numbers from smallest to biggest: 21, 16, 12, 20.
Hlela la manani uqale ngelona lincinane uqibezele ngelona likhulu: 21, 16, 12, 20.

Question 6
Umbuzo 6

(2)

Write down two numbers that are bigger than 21, but smaller than 25.

Bhala amanani amabini amakhulu kunama-21, kodwa abemancinane kunama-25.

Question 7
Umbuzo 7

(5)

Add the following:

Dibanisa okulandelayo:

a) $3 + 7 = \square$

b) $9 + 4 = \square$

c) $16 + 3 = \square$

d) $5 + 4 = \square$

e) $8 + 9 = \square$

Question 8
Umbuzo 8

(5)

Subtract the following:

Thabatha okulandelayo:

a) $9 - 5 = \square$

b) $18 - 7 = \square$

c) $11 - 4 = \square$

d) $16 - 4 = \square$

e) $17 - 9 = \square$

Question 9
Umbuzo 9

(2)

Mbali has 6 sweets. Mpho gives her 9 more. How many sweets does Mbali have altogether?

UMbali uneelekese ezi-6. UMpho umphe ezinye ezi-9. Zingaphi iilekese anazo uMbali xa zizonke?

Question 10
Umbuzo 10

(2)

Calculate:

Bala:

a) Double 4 _____

Phinda kabili ezi-4 _____

b) Double 9 _____

Phinda kabili ezi-9 _____

Question 11
Umbuzo 11

(2)

Draw two rows with five circles in each row.

Zoba imigca emibini enezangqa ezintlanu kumgca ngamnye.

How many circles are there altogether? _____

Zingaki iziyingi sezizonke? _____

Question 12
Umbuzo 12

(2)

- a) Circle four coins that will make up 50c.
Biyela iingqekembe ezine ezizakwenza ama-50c.



- b) Write the values on the notes to make up R30.
Bhala amaxabiso kwimali engamaphepha wenze ama-R30.

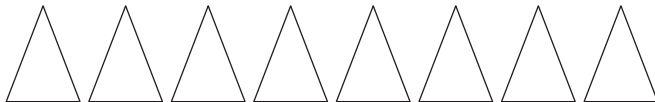
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Question 13
Umbuzo 13

(1)

Share the following triangles into 2 equal groups.

Yahlula oonxantathu abalandelayo babengamaqela amabini alinganayo.



Written assessment items for Numbers, operations and relationships: solutions and mark allocations

<p>1. (1 mark for the tens and 1 for the units in each answer) (Inqaku eli-1 lamashumi neli-1 lemivo kwimpendulo nganye)</p> <p>a) 15 ○○○○○○○○○○○ ○○○○○</p> <p>b) 23 ○○○○○○○○○○○ ○○○○○○○○○○○ ○○○</p>	(4)							
<p>2. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Inqaku eli-1 ngempendulo nganye echanekileyo)</p> <p>a) twelve ishumi elinambini</p> <p>b) twenty one amashumi amabini ananye</p>	(2)							
<p>3. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Inqaku eli-1 ngempendulo nganye echanekileyo)</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">16</td> <td style="text-align: center;">14</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>11</u></td> <td style="text-align: center;">18</td> <td style="text-align: center;">17</td> <td style="text-align: center;">19</td> <td style="text-align: center;">13</td> </tr> </table>	16	14	<u>11</u>	18	17	19	13	(2)
16	14	<u>11</u>	18	17	19	13		
<p>4. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Inqaku eli-1 ngempendulo nganye echanekileyo)</p> <p>21, 19, 11, 10</p>	(1)							
<p>5. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Inqaku eli-1 ngempendulo nganye echanekileyo)</p> <p>12, 16, 20, 21</p>	(1)							
<p>6. (1 mark for the correct answer) (Inqaku eli-1 ngempendulo nganye echanekileyo)</p> <p>Any two of these numbers: 22, 23, 24 Nasiphi na isibini sala manani: 22, 23, 24</p>	(2)							

<p>7. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Inqaku eli-1 ngempendulo nganye echanekileyo)</p> <p>a) $3 + 7 = \boxed{10}$</p> <p>b) $9 + 4 = \boxed{13}$</p> <p>c) $16 + 3 = \boxed{19}$</p> <p>d) $5 + 4 = \boxed{9}$</p> <p>e) $8 + 9 = \boxed{17}$</p>	(5)
<p>8. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Inqaku eli-1 ngempendulo nganye echanekileyo)</p> <p>a) $9 - 5 = \boxed{4}$</p> <p>b) $18 - 7 = \boxed{11}$</p> <p>c) $11 - 4 = \boxed{7}$</p> <p>d) $16 - 4 = \boxed{12}$</p> <p>e) $17 - 9 = \boxed{8}$</p>	(5)
<p>9. (2 marks for the correct answer) (Amanqaku ama-2 ngempendulo echanekileyo)</p> <p>$6 + 9 = 15$</p> <p>Mbali has 15 sweets UMBali uneelekese ezi-15</p>	(2)
<p>10. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Inqaku eli-1 ngempendulo nganye echanekileyo)</p> <p>a) 8 b) 18</p>	(2)
<p>11. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Inqaku eli-1 ngempendulo nganye echanekileyo)</p> <p>a) $\begin{array}{c} \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \\ \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \\ 5 + 5 = 10 \end{array}$</p>	(2)
<p>12. (marks as below) (ngokwamanqaku angezantsi)</p> <p>a) Circle Biyela ngesangqa 20c, 10c, 10c, 10c (1 mark/iinqaku eli-1 mark)</p> <p>b) Write R10 on each note Bhala ii-R10 kwimali eliphepha ngalinye (1 mark/iinqaku eli-1 mark)</p>	(2)
<p>13. (1 mark for the correct answer) (Inqaku eli-1 ngempendulo nganye echanekileyo)</p> <p>$\begin{array}{c} \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \\ \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \end{array}$</p> <p>(two groups of 4 in each must be drawn/circled) (makuzotywe/ kubiyelwe amaqela amabini esi-4 kwibhloko nganye)</p>	(1)

Written assessment items for Patterns

Question 14

Umbuzo 14

(1)

Fill in the missing number:

Fakela inani elishiyiweyo:

10, 15, _____, 25, 30

Question 15

Umbuzo 15

(5)

Complete the following patterns:

Gqibezela ezi patheni zilandelayo:

a) 10, _____, _____, 40, 50, 60, _____

b) 2, 4, _____, 8, 10, _____

Question 16

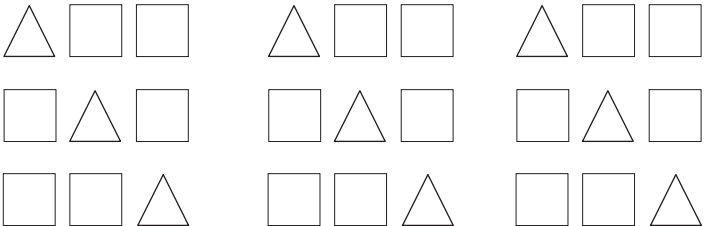
Umbuzo 16

(4)

Draw a pattern using one triangle and two squares. Copy and extend the pattern.

Zoba ipatheni usebenzise unxantathu omnye nezikwere ezimbini. Khuphela uze wandise ipatheni.

Written assessment items Patterns: solutions and mark allocations

<p>14. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Inqaku eli-1 ngempendulo nganye echanekileyo)</p> <p>20</p>	<p>(1)</p>
<p>15. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Inqaku eli-1 ngempendulo nganye echanekileyo)</p> <p>a) 20, 30, ..., 70</p> <p>b) 6, ..., 12</p>	<p>(5)</p>
<p>16. Answers will vary. Check that the pattern satisfies what the question asks. Draw the three shapes (2) and at least two repeats of the pattern (2). For example:</p> <p>limpendulo zizakwahluka. Qinisekisa ukuba ipatheni yanelisa okufunwa ngumbuzo. Zoba iimilo ezintathu (2) uze uphinde ipatheni kabini ubuncinane (2). Umzekelo:</p> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;">  </div>	<p>(4)</p>

Written assessment items for Space and shape

Question 17

Umbuzo 17

(4)

Say if the following will roll or slide:

Yitsho ukuba okulandelayo kuyaqengqeleka okanye kuyatshebeleza na:

- a) a ball
ibhola
- b) a box
ibhokisi
- c) a can of cool drink
Inkonkxa yesiselo

Written assessment items for Space and shape: solutions and mark allocations

17. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Inqaku eli-1 ngempendulo nganye echanekileyo)	(4)
a) roll/eziqengqelekayo (1)	
b) slide/ezitshebelezayo (1)	
c) roll and slide/eziqengqelekayo nezitshebelezayo (2)	

Written assessment items for Measurement

Question 18

Umbuzo 18

(1)

Circle the line that is shortest:

Biyela ngesangqa owona mgca mfutshane kakhulu:



Question 19

Umbuzo 19

(1)

The height of your classroom door is closest to: (Circle the correct answer)

Ubude becango lweklasi yakho busondele kwi: (Biyela ngesangqa impendulo echanekileyo)

- a) 1 m
- b) 2 m
- c) 3 m
- d) 4 m

Written assessment items for Measurement: solutions and mark allocations

18. (1 mark for the correct answer) (Inqaku eli-1 ngempendulo nganye echanekileyo)	(1)
19. (1 mark for the correct answer) (Inqaku eli-1 ngempendulo nganye echanekileyo)	(1)
b) 2 m	

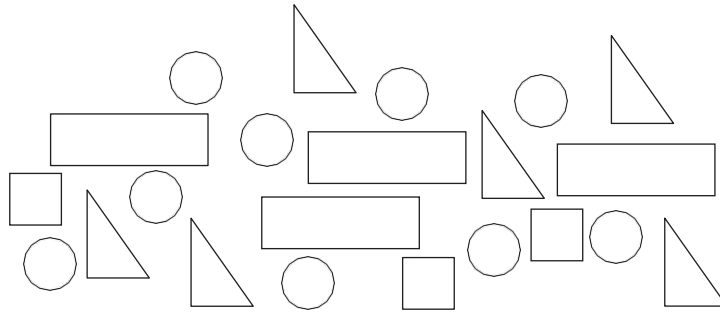
Written assessment items for Data handling

Question 20

Umbuzo 20

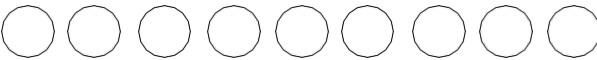
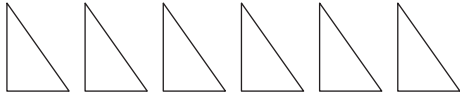

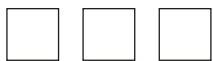




Sort the shapes.

Hlela iimilo.



- a) Make a drawing of your sorted shapes. (4)
Yenza umzobo weemilo ozihlelileyo.
- b) How many shapes of each type did you draw? (4)
Zingaphi iimilo zohlobo ngalunye ozizobileyo?

Written assessment items for Data handling: solutions and mark allocations

<p>20. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Inqaku eli-1 ngempendulo nganye echanekileyo)</p> <p>a)    </p> <p>b) Circles/izikwere = 9; triangles/oonxantathu = 6; rectangles/iingxande = 4; squares/izikwere = 3</p> <p> = 9</p> <p> = 6</p> <p> = 4</p> <p> = 3</p>	<p>(4) + (4)</p>
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Written Assessment: English / Sepedi

4. ITEM BANK FOR WRITTEN ASSESSMENT

Written assessment items for Number, operations and relationships

Question 1

Potšišo 1

(4)

- a) Draw objects for the number 15, showing tens and units.
Thala dilo tšeo di laetšago nomoro ya 15, laetša masome le metšo.
- b) Draw objects for the number 23, showing tens and units.
Thala dilo tšeo di laetšago nomoro ya 23, laetša masome le metšo.

Question 2

Potšišo 2

(2)

- a) Write the number name for 12.
Ngwala leinapalo la 12.
- _____
- b) Write the number name for 21.
Ngwala leinapalo la 21.
- _____

Question 3

Potšišo 3

(2)

Circle the biggest number and make a cross over the smallest number.
Rareša nomoro ye kgolo gomme o bee sefapano go nomoro yennyane.

16	14	11	18	17	19	13
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Question 4

Potšišo 4

(1)

Arrange these numbers from biggest to smallest: 11, 19, 21, 10.
Beakanya dinomoro go tloga go ye kgolo kgolo go ya go yennyane go tšona ka moka: 11, 19, 21, 10.

Question 5

Potšišo 5

(1)

Arrange these numbers from smallest to biggest: 21, 16, 12, 20.
Beakanya dinomoro go tloga go ye nnyane nyane go ya go ye kgolokgolo: 21, 16, 12, 20.

Question 6**Potšišo 6****(2)**

Write down two numbers that are bigger than 21, but smaller than 25.

Ngwala dinomoro tše pedi tšeo di lego tše di kgolo go 21 eupša e le tše nnyane go 25.

Question 7**Potšišo 7****(5)**

Add the following:

Hlakantšha tšeo di latelago:

a) $3 + 7 = \square$

b) $9 + 4 = \square$

c) $16 + 3 = \square$

d) $5 + 4 = \square$

e) $8 + 9 = \square$

Question 8**Potšišo 8****(5)**

Subtract the following:

Tloša tšeo di latelago:

a) $9 - 5 = \square$

b) $18 - 7 = \square$

c) $11 - 4 = \square$

d) $16 - 4 = \square$

e) $17 - 9 = \square$

Question 9**Potšišo 9****(2)**

Mbali has 6 sweets. Mpho gives her 9 more. How many sweets does Mbali have altogether?

Mbali o nale malekere a 6. Mpho o mo fa mangwe 9. Na Mbali o nale malekere a makae ka moka?

Question 10**Potšišo 10****(2)**

Calculate:

Balela:

a) Double 4 _____

Pedifatša 4 _____

b) Double 9 _____

Pedifatša 9 _____

Question 11

Potšišo 11

(2)

Draw two rows with five circles in each row.

Thala methaladi ye mebedi gomme o thale didiko tše hlano go mothalado wo mongwe le wo mongwe.

How many circles are there altogether? _____

Na go nale didiko tše kae ka moka? _____

Question 12

Potšišo 12

(2)

- a) Circle four coins that will make up 50c.
Raretša dikhoine tše 4 tše o di dirago 50c.



- b) Write the values on the notes to make up R30.
Ngwala boleng go dipampiri tšhelete gore di dire R30.

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Question 13

Potšišo 13

(1)


Share the following triangles into 2 equal groups.

Arola dikhutlotharo ka dihlopha tše 2 tša go lekana.



Written assessment items for Numbers, operations and relationships: solutions and mark allocations

<p>1. (1 mark for the tens and 1 for the units in each answer) (Moputso o 1 go masome le moputso o 1 go metšo)</p> <p>a) 15 ○○○○○○○○○○○ ○○○○○</p> <p>b) 23 ○○○○○○○○○○○ ○○○○○○○○○○○ ○○○</p>	(4)							
<p>2. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Moputso o 1 go karabo yenngwe le yenngwe yeo e nepagetšego)</p> <p>a) twelve lesome pedi</p> <p>b) twenty one masomepedi tee</p>	(2)							
<p>3. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Moputso o 1 go karabo yenngwe le yenngwe yeo e nepagetšego)</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="257 1133 949 1208" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">16</td> <td style="text-align: center;">14</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>11</u></td> <td style="text-align: center;">18</td> <td style="text-align: center;">17</td> <td style="text-align: center;">19</td> <td style="text-align: center;">13</td> </tr> </table>	16	14	<u>11</u>	18	17	19	13	(2)
16	14	<u>11</u>	18	17	19	13		
<p>4. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Moputso o 1 go karabo yenngwe le yenngwe yeo e nepagetšego)</p> <p>21, 19, 11, 10</p>	(1)							
<p>5. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Moputso o 1 go karabo yenngwe le yenngwe yeo e nepagetšego)</p> <p>12, 16, 20, 21</p>	(1)							
<p>6. (1 mark for the correct answer) (Moputso o 1 go karabo yenngwe le yenngwe yeo e nepagetšego)</p> <p>Any two of these numbers: 22, 23, 24 E tee ya dinomoro tše: 22, 23, 24</p>	(2)							

<p>7. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Moputso o 1 go karabo yeo e nepagetšego)</p> <p>a) $3 + 7 = \boxed{10}$</p> <p>b) $9 + 4 = \boxed{13}$</p> <p>c) $16 + 3 = \boxed{19}$</p> <p>d) $5 + 4 = \boxed{9}$</p> <p>e) $8 + 9 = \boxed{17}$</p>	(5)
<p>8. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Moputso o 1 go karabo yeo e nepagetšego)</p> <p>a) $9 - 5 = \boxed{4}$</p> <p>b) $18 - 7 = \boxed{11}$</p> <p>c) $11 - 4 = \boxed{7}$</p> <p>d) $16 - 4 = \boxed{12}$</p> <p>e) $17 - 9 = \boxed{8}$</p>	(5)
<p>9. (2 marks for the correct answer) (Meputso ye 2 go karabo yeo e nepagetšego)</p> <p>$6 + 9 = 15$</p> <p>Mbali has 15 sweets Mbali o nale malekere a 15</p>	(2)
<p>10. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Moputso o 1 go karabo yeo e nepagetšego)</p> <p>a) 8 b) 18</p>	(2)
<p>11. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Moputso o 1 go karabo yeo e nepagetšego)</p> <p>a) $\begin{array}{c} \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \\ \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \end{array}$ $5 + 5 = 10$</p>	(2)
<p>12. (marks as below) (meputso e ka tlase)</p> <p>a) Circle Raretša 20c, 10c, 10c, 10c (1 mark/ moputso o eli-1 mark)</p> <p>b) Write R10 on each note Ngwala R10 pampiring yenngwe le yenngwe (1 mark/ moputso o eli-1 mark)</p>	(2)
<p>13. (1 mark for the correct answer) (moputso o 1 go karabo yeo e nepagetšego)</p> <p></p> <p>(two groups of 4 in each must be drawn/circled) (dihlopha tše 2 tša bo 4 di swanetše go raretšwa,thalwa)</p>	(1)

Written assessment items for Patterns

Question 14

Potšišo 14

(1)

Fill in the missing number:

Tlatša nomoro yeo e tlogetšwego:

10, 15, _____, 25, 30

Question 15

Potšišo 15

(5)

Complete the following patterns:

Feleletša dipaterone tšeo di latelago:

a) 10, _____, _____, 40, 50, 60, _____

b) 2, 4, _____, 8, 10, _____

Question 16

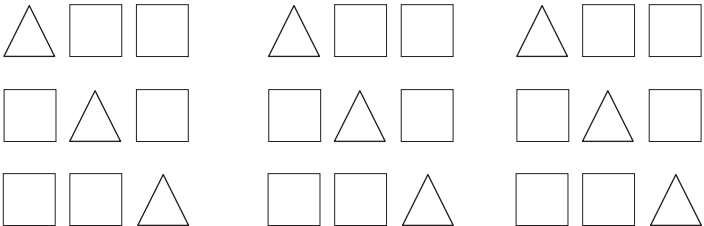
Potšišo 16

(4)

Draw a pattern using one triangle and two squares. Copy and extend the pattern.

Thala paterone gomme o šomiše khutlotharo e tee le dikwere tše 2. Kopolla o be a katološe paterone.

Written assessment items Patterns: solutions and mark allocations

<p>14. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Moputso o 1 go karabo yeo e nepagatšego)</p> <p>20</p>	(1)
<p>15. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Moputso o 1 go karabo yeo e nepagatšego)</p> <p>a) 20, 30, ..., 70</p> <p>b) 6, ..., 12</p>	(5)
<p>16. Answers will vary. Check that the pattern satisfies what the question asks. Draw the three shapes (2) and at least two repeats of the pattern (2). For example:</p> <p>Dikarabo di tla fapana. Lekola gore paterone e laetša gabotse seo potšišo e se botšišago:</p> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;">  </div>	(4)

Written assessment items for Space and shape

Question 17

Potšišo 17

(4)

Say if the following will roll or slide:

Bolela gore tše di latelago di a kgokologa goba di a thwetha:

- a) a ball
kgwele
- b) a box
lepokisi
- c) a can of cool drink
Kotikoti ya senwamaphodi

Written assessment items for Space and shape: solutions and mark allocations

17. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Moputso o 1 go karabo yeo e nepagetšego)	(4)
a) roll/kgokologa (1)	
b) slide/thwetha (1)	
c) roll and slide/ E a kgokologa goba e a thwetha (2)	

Written assessment items for Measurement

Question 18

Potšišo 18

(1)

Circle the line that is shortest:

Raretša mothalo wo mo kopana:



Question 19

Potšišo 19

(1)

The height of your classroom door is closest to: (Circle the correct answer)

Botelele bja lebatl la phapoši ya gago bo kgauswi le:(Raretša karabo ya maleba)

- a) 1 m
- b) 2 m
- c) 3 m
- d) 4 m

Written assessment items for Measurement: solutions and mark allocations

18. (1 mark for the correct answer) (Moputso o 1 go karabo yeo e nepagetšego)	(1)
19. (1 mark for the correct answer) (Moputso o 1 go karabo yeo e nepagetšego)	(1)
b) 2 m	

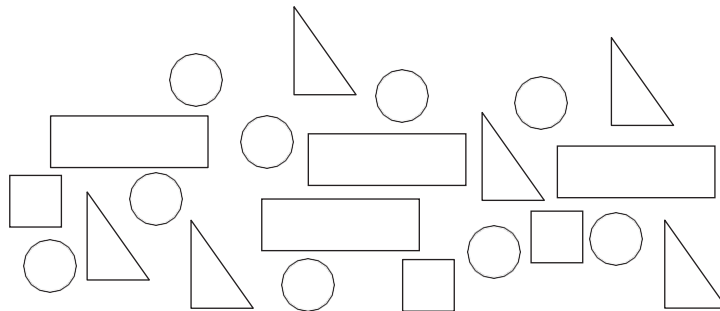
Written assessment items for Data handling

Question 20

Potšišo 20

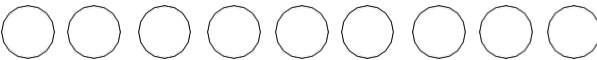







Sort the shapes.

Kgethologanya dibopego.



- a) Make a drawing of your sorted shapes. (4)
 Dira sethalwa sa dibopego tšeo o di kgethologantšego.
- b) How many shapes of each type did you draw? (4)
 Na o thadile dibopego tše kae tša mohuta o tee?

Written assessment items for Data handling: solutions and mark allocations

<p>20. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Moputso o 1 go karabo yennngwe le yennngwe yeo e nepagetšego)</p> <p>a)    </p> <p>b) Circles/Didiko = 9; triangles/dikhutlotharo = 6; rectangles/gikhutlonne = 4; squares/izikwere = 3</p> <p> = 9</p> <p> = 6</p> <p> = 4</p> <p> = 3</p>	<p>(4) + (4)</p>
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Written Assessment: English / Setswana

4. ITEM BANK FOR WRITTEN ASSESSMENT

Written assessment items for Number, operations and relationships

Question 1

Potso 1

(4)

- a) Draw objects for the number 15, showing tens and units.
Thala didiriswa tsa palo 15, mme o bontshe masome lemetso.
- b) Draw objects for the number 23, showing tens and units.
Thala didiriswa tsa palo 23, mme o bontshe masome lemetso.

Question 2

Potso 2

(2)

- a) Write the number name for 12.
Kwala leinapalo la 12.
- _____
- b) Write the number name for 21.
Kwala leinapalo la 21.
- _____

Question 3

Potso 3

(2)

Circle the biggest number and make a cross over the smallest number.
Sekeletsa palo e tona go tsotlhe, mme o dire sefapano go palo e nnye go tsotlhe.

16	14	11	18	17	19	13
----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Question 4

Potso 4

(1)

Arrange these numbers from biggest to smallest: 11, 19, 21, 10.
Rulaganya dipalo tse di latelang go simolola ka e tona go tsotlhe, go ya go e nnye go tsotlhe: 11, 19, 21, 10.

Question 5

Potso 5

(1)

Arrange these numbers from smallest to biggest: 21, 16, 12, 20.
Rulaganya dipalo tse di latelang go simolola ka e nnye go tsotlhe, go ya go e tona go tsotlhe: 21, 16, 12, 20.

Question 6**Potso 6****(2)**

Write down two numbers that are bigger than 21, but smaller than 25.

Kwala dipalo di le pedi tse di tona go 21, mme di le dinnye go 25.

Question 7**Potso 7****(5)**

Add the following:

Tlhakanya tse di latelang:

a) $3 + 7 = \square$

b) $9 + 4 = \square$

c) $16 + 3 = \square$

d) $5 + 4 = \square$

e) $8 + 9 = \square$

Question 8**Potso 8****(5)**

Subtract the following:

Ntsha tse di latelang:

a) $9 - 5 = \square$

b) $18 - 7 = \square$

c) $11 - 4 = \square$

d) $16 - 4 = \square$

e) $17 - 9 = \square$

Question 9**Potso 9****(2)**

Mbali has 6 sweets. Mpho gives her 9 more. How many sweets does Mbali have altogether?

Mbali o na le dimonamone di le 6, Mpho o mo naya tse dingwe di le 9. Mbali o na le dimonamone di le kae gotlhe?

Question 10**Potso 10****(2)**

Calculate:

Bala:

a) Double 4 _____

Oketsa 4 gabedi _____

b) Double 9 _____

Oketsa 9 gabedi _____

Question 11

Potso 11

(2)

Draw two rows with five circles in each row.

Thala mela e le mebedi, o be o thale ditshekeletsa di le tlhano mo moleng mongwe le mongwe.

How many circles are there altogether? _____

Go na le ditshekeletsa di le kae gotlhe? _____

Question 12

Potso 12

(2)

- a) Circle four coins that will make up 50c.
Sekeletsa dipapetlana tsa madi tse di tla dirang 50c.



- b) Write the values on the notes to make up R30.
Kwala boleng ba matlhare a madi go dira R30.

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Question 13

Potso 13

(1)

Share the following triangles into 2 equal groups.

Aroganya dikhutlotharo tse di latelang mo ditlhopheng di le pedi tse di maleka.



<p>7. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Leduo le le lengwe la karabo nngwe le nngwe e e nepagetseng)</p> <p>a) $3 + 7 = \boxed{10}$</p> <p>b) $9 + 4 = \boxed{13}$</p> <p>c) $16 + 3 = \boxed{19}$</p> <p>d) $5 + 4 = \boxed{9}$</p> <p>e) $8 + 9 = \boxed{17}$</p>	(5)
<p>8. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Leduo le le lengwe la karabo nngwe le nngwe e e nepagetseng)</p> <p>a) $9 - 5 = \boxed{4}$</p> <p>b) $18 - 7 = \boxed{11}$</p> <p>c) $11 - 4 = \boxed{7}$</p> <p>d) $16 - 4 = \boxed{12}$</p> <p>e) $17 - 9 = \boxed{8}$</p>	(5)
<p>9. (2 marks for the correct answer) (Maduo a le mabedi a karabo e e nepagetseng)</p> <p>$6 + 9 = 15$</p> <p>Mbali has 15 sweets Mbali o na le dimonamone di le 15</p>	(2)
<p>10. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Leduo le le lengwe la karabo nngwe le nngwe e e nepagetseng)</p> <p>a) 8 b) 18</p>	(2)
<p>11. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Leduo le le lengwe la karabo nngwe le nngwe e e nepagetseng)</p> <p>a) $\begin{array}{c} \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \\ \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \\ 5 + 5 = 10 \end{array}$</p>	(2)
<p>12. (marks as below) (maduo jaaka a latela)</p> <p>a) Circle a) Sekeletsa 20c, 10c, 10c, 10c (1 mark/ leduo le le 1 mark)</p> <p>b) Write R10 on each note b) Kwala R10 mo letlhareng lengwe le lengwe la madi. (1 mark/ leduo le le 1 mark)</p>	(2)
<p>13. (1 mark for the correct answer) (leduo le le lengwe la karabo nngwe le nngwe e e nepagetseng)</p> <p>$\begin{array}{c} \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \\ \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \end{array}$</p> <p>(two groups of 4 in each must be drawn/circled) (o tshwanetse go thala/sekeletsa ditlhopha di le pedi tsa 4)</p>	(1)

Written assessment items for Patterns

Question 14

Potso 14

(1)

Fill in the missing number:

Tlatsa palo e e seng teng:

10, 15, _____, 25, 30

Question 15

Potso 15

(5)

Complete the following patterns:

Feleletsa dipaterone tse di latelang:

a) 10, _____, _____, 40, 50, 60, _____

b) 2, 4, _____, 8, 10, _____

Question 16


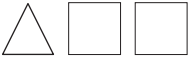
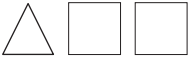




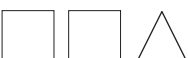
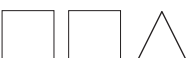
Potšišo 16

(4)

Draw a pattern using one triangle and two squares. Copy and extend the pattern.

Thala paterone o dirisa khutlotharo e le nngwe le dikhutlonne di le pedi. Tsweletsa paterone ka go e kopisa.

Written assessment items Patterns: solutions and mark allocations

<p>14. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Leduo le le lengwe la karabo nngwe le nngwe e e nepagetseng) 20</p>	<p>(1)</p>
<p>15. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Leduo le le lengwe la karabo nngwe le nngwe e e nepagetseng) a) 20, 30, ..., 70 b) 6, ..., 12</p>	<p>(5)</p>
<p>16. Answers will vary. Check that the pattern satisfies what the question asks. Draw the three shapes (2) and at least two repeats of the pattern (2). For example: Dikarabo di ya go farologana. Netefatsa gore paterone e bontsha se potso e se kopang. Thala dipopego di le tharo (2) le bonnye dipaterone di le pedi tse di ipoelletsang (2). Sekao:</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center; margin-top: 10px;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center; margin-top: 10px;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> </div>	<p>(4)</p>

Written assessment items for Space and shape

Question 17

Potso 17

(4)

Say if the following will roll or slide:

Bua gore, a tse di latelang di ka kgokologa kgotsa go relela:

- a) a ball
bolo
- b) a box
lebokoso
- c) a can of cool drink
bolekane ba senotsididi

Written assessment items for Space and shape: solutions and mark allocations

17. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Leduo le le lengwe la karabo nngwe le nngwe e e nepagetseng)	(4)
a) roll/ kgokologa (1)	
b) slide/ relela (1)	
c) roll and slide/ kgokologa le go relela (2)	

Written assessment items for Measurement

Question 18

Potso 18

(1)

Circle the line that is shortest:

Sekeletsa mothalo o mokhutshwane go yotlhe:



Question 19

Potso 19

(1)

The height of your classroom door is closest to: (Circle the correct answer)

Bogodimo ba lebati la phaposiborutelo ya gago bo gaufi le: (Sekeletsa karabo e e nepagetseng)

- a) 1 m
- b) 2 m
- c) 3 m
- d) 4 m

Written assessment items for Measurement: solutions and mark allocations

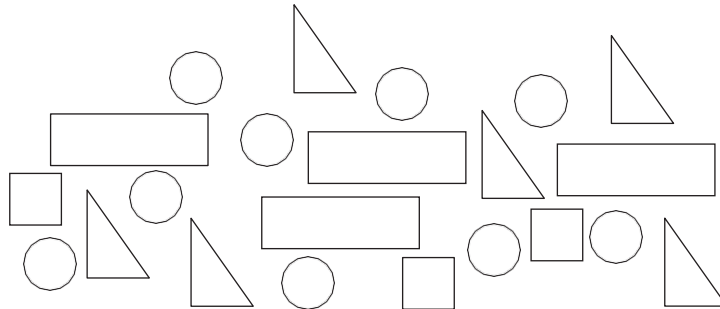
18. (1 mark for the correct answer) (Leduo le le lengwe la karabo nngwe le nngwe e e nepagetseng)	(1)
19. (1 mark for the correct answer) (Leduo le le lengwe la karabo nngwe le nngwe e e nepagetseng)	(1)
b) 2 m	

Written assessment items for Data handling

Question 20

Potso 20

Sort the shapes.
Tlhaola dipopego.



- a) Make a drawing of your sorted shapes. (4)
Thala setshwantsho sa dipopego tse o di tlhaotseng.
- b) How many shapes of each type did you draw? (4)
O thadile dipopego di lekae tse di tshwanang?

Written assessment items for Data handling: solutions and mark allocations

<p>20. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Leduo le le lengwe la karabo nngwe le nngwe e e nepagetseng)</p> <p>a)</p> <p>b) Circles/ Didiko = 9; triangles/ dikhutlotharo = 6; rectangles/ dikhutlonnetsepa = 4; squares/ dikhutlonne = 3</p> <p> = 9</p> <p> = 6</p> <p> = 4</p> <p> = 3</p>	<p>(4) + (4)</p>
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Written Assessment: English / Xitsonga

4. ITEM BANK FOR WRITTEN ASSESSMENT

Written assessment items for Number, operations and relationships

Question 1

Xivutiso 1 (4)

- a) Draw objects for the number 15, showing tens and units.
Dirowa minchumu ya nomboro 15, u kombisa vukhume na vun'we.
- b) Draw objects for the number 23, showing tens and units.
Dirowa minchumu ya nomboro 23, u kombisa vukhume na vun'we.

Question 2

Xivutiso 2 (2)

- a) Write the number name for 12.
Tsala vito ra nomboro 12.

- b) Write the number name for 21.
Tsala vito ra nomboro 21.

Question 3

Xivutiso 3 (2)

Circle the biggest number and make a cross over the smallest number.

Tsondzela nomboro leyikulu swinene u vekela xihambano ka nomboro leyitsongo swinene.

16	14	11	18	17	19	13
----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Question 4

Xivutiso 4 (1)

Arrange these numbers from biggest to smallest: 11, 19, 21, 10.

Xaxameta tinomboro ku suka eka leyikulu swinene ku fika eka leyitsongo swinene: 11, 19, 21, 10.

Question 5

Xivutiso 5 (1)

Arrange these numbers from smallest to biggest: 21, 16, 12, 20.

Xaxameta tinomboro ku suka eka leyikulu swinene ku fika eka leyitsongo swinene: 21, 16, 12, 20.

Question 6
Xivutiso 6

(2)

Write down two numbers that are bigger than 21, but smaller than 25.
Tsala tinomboro timbirhi letikulu ka 21, kambe titsongo ka 25.

Question 7
Xivutiso 7

(5)

Add the following:

Hlanganisa leswi landzelaka:

a) $3 + 7 = \square$

b) $9 + 4 = \square$

c) $16 + 3 = \square$

d) $5 + 4 = \square$

e) $8 + 9 = \square$

Question 8
Xivutiso 8

(5)

Subtract the following:

Susa leswi landzelaka:

a) $9 - 5 = \square$

b) $18 - 7 = \square$

c) $11 - 4 = \square$

d) $16 - 4 = \square$

e) $17 - 9 = \square$

Question 9
Xivutiso 9

(2)

Mbali has 6 sweets. Mpho gives her 9 more. How many sweets does Mbali have altogether?
Mbali u na malekere ya 6. Mpho u n'wi nyika 9. Xana Mbali u na malekere mangani loko mahlanganile hinkwawo?

Question 10
Xivutiso 10

(2)

Calculate:

Khakhuleta:

a) Double 4 _____

Mbirihata 4 _____

b) Double 9 _____

Mbirihata 9 _____

Question 11
Xivutiso 11

(2)

Draw two rows with five circles in each row.

Dirowa tinxaxa timbirhi ti va na ntlhanu wa swirhendzevutana ka nxaxa wun'wana na wun'wana.

How many circles are there altogether? _____

Xana i swirhendzevutana swingani loko swi hlanganile hinkwaswo? _____

Question 12
Xivutiso 12

(2)

- a) Circle four coins that will make up 50c.
Tsondzela mune wa swingwece leswi endlaka 50c.



- b) Write the values on the notes to make up R30.
Tsala ntsengo wa tinotsi leti nga endlaka R30.

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Question 13
Potso 13

(1)

Share the following triangles into 2 equal groups.
Ava tiyinlhanharhu ti va mintlawa yi2 yo ringana.



Written assessment items for Numbers, operations and relationships: solutions and mark allocations

<p>1. (1 mark for the tens and 1 for the units in each answer) (Maraka yi1 ya vukhume na yi1 ya vun'we ka nhlamulo yin'wana na yin'wana)</p> <p>a) 15 ○○○○○○○○○○○ ○○○○○</p> <p>b) 23 ○○○○○○○○○○○ ○○○○○○○○○○○ ○○○</p>	(4)							
<p>2. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Maraka yi1 ya nhlamulo yin'wana na yin'wana leyi faneleke)</p> <p>a) twelve khumembirhi</p> <p>b) twenty one makume mbirhi n'we</p>	(2)							
<p>3. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Maraka yi1 ka nhlamulo yin'wana na yin'wana leyi faneleke)</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">16</td> <td style="text-align: center;">14</td> <td style="text-align: center;"><u>11</u></td> <td style="text-align: center;">18</td> <td style="text-align: center;">17</td> <td style="text-align: center;">19</td> <td style="text-align: center;">13</td> </tr> </table>	16	14	<u>11</u>	18	17	19	13	(2)
16	14	<u>11</u>	18	17	19	13		
<p>4. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Maraka yi1 ka nhlamulo yin'wana na yin'wana leyi faneleke)</p> <p>21, 19, 11, 10</p>	(1)							
<p>5. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Maraka yi1 ka nhlamulo yin'wana na yin'wana leyi faneleke)</p> <p>12, 16, 20, 21</p>	(1)							
<p>6. (1 mark for the correct answer) (Maraka yi1 ka nhlamulo yin'wana na yin'wana leyi faneleke)</p> <p>Any two of these numbers: 22, 23, 24 Timbirhi ta tinomboro leti: 22, 23, 24</p>	(2)							

<p>7. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Maraka yi1 ka nhlamulo yin'wana na yin'wana leyi faneleke)</p> <p>a) $3 + 7 = \boxed{10}$</p> <p>b) $9 + 4 = \boxed{13}$</p> <p>c) $16 + 3 = \boxed{19}$</p> <p>d) $5 + 4 = \boxed{9}$</p> <p>e) $8 + 9 = \boxed{17}$</p>	(5)
<p>8. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Maraka yi1 ka nhlamulo yin'wana na yin'wana leyi faneleke)</p> <p>a) $9 - 5 = \boxed{4}$</p> <p>b) $18 - 7 = \boxed{11}$</p> <p>c) $11 - 4 = \boxed{7}$</p> <p>d) $16 - 4 = \boxed{12}$</p> <p>e) $17 - 9 = \boxed{8}$</p>	(5)
<p>9. (2 marks for the correct answer) (Timaraka ti2 ta nhlamulo yin'wana na yin'wana leyi faneleke)</p> <p>$6 + 9 = 15$</p> <p>Mbali has 15 sweets Mbali u na malekere ya 15</p>	(2)
<p>10. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Maraka yi1 ka nhlamulo yin'wana na yin'wana leyi faneleke)</p> <p>a) 8 b) 18</p>	(2)
<p>11. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Maraka yi1 ka nhlamulo yin'wana na yin'wana leyi faneleke)</p> <p>a) $\begin{array}{c} \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \\ \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \end{array}$ $5 + 5 = 10$</p>	(2)
<p>12. (marks as below) (timaraka leti nga laha hansi)</p> <p>a) Circle a) Tsondzela 20c, 10c, 10c, 10c (maraka yi1)</p> <p>b) Write R10 on each note b) Tsala R10wa tinotsi (maraka yi1)</p>	(2)
<p>13. (1 mark for the correct answer) (maraka yi1 ka nhlamulo yin'wana na yin'wana leyi faneleke)</p> <p>$\begin{array}{c} \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \\ \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \end{array}$</p> <p>(two groups of 4 in each must be drawn/circled) (mitlawa ya 4 ku dirowiwile /swirhendzevutana)</p>	(1)

Written assessment items for Patterns

Question 14

Xivutiso 14

(1)

Fill in the missing number:

Tatisa tinomboro leti siyiweke:

10, 15, _____, 25, 30

Question 15

Xivutiso 15

(5)

Complete the following patterns:

Hetisa tipatironi leti landzelaka:

a) 10, _____, _____, 40, 50, 60, _____

b) 2, 4, _____, 8, 10, _____

Question 16

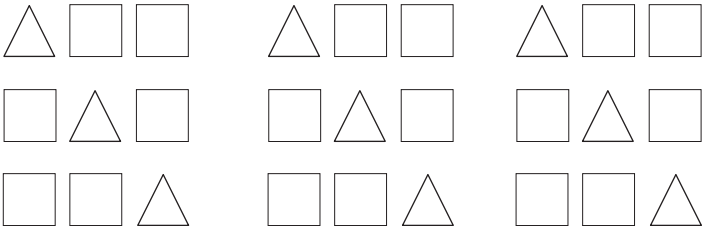
Potšišo 16

(4)

Draw a pattern using one triangle and two squares. Copy and extend the pattern.

Dirowa patironi u tirhisa yinhlanharhu yin'we na swikwere swimbirhi. Kopa u ndlandlamuxa patironi.

Written assessment items Patterns: solutions and mark allocations

<p>14. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Maraka yi1 ka nhlamulo yin'wana na yin'wana leyi faneleke)</p> <p>20</p>	(1)
<p>15. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Maraka yi1 ka nhlamulo yin'wana na yin'wana leyi faneleke)</p> <p>a) 20, 30, ..., 70</p> <p>b) 6, ..., 12</p>	(5)
<p>16. Answers will vary. Check that the pattern satisfies what the question asks. Draw the three shapes (2) and at least two repeats of the pattern (2). For example:</p> <p>Tinhlamulo to hambanahambana. Languta loko patironi yi hlamula xivutiso. Dirowa swivumbeko swinharhu (2) patironi yi vuyelela (2). Xikombiso:</p> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;">  </div>	(4)

Written assessment items for Space and shape

Question 17

Xivutiso 17

(4)

Say if the following will roll or slide:

Vula loko leswi landzelaka swi khunguluka kumbe ku rheta:

- a) a ball
bolo
- b) a box
bokisi
- c) a can of cool drink
xikotela xaswinwiwa

Written assessment items for Space and shape: solutions and mark allocations

<p>17. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Maraka yi1 ka nhlamulo yin'wana na yin'wana leyi faneleke)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a) roll/ khunguluka (1)b) slide/ rhetaka (1)c) roll and slide/ hunguluka kumbe rhetaka (2)	<p>(4)</p>
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Written assessment items for Measurement

Question 18

Xivutiso 18

(1)

Circle the line that is shortest:

Tsondzela ntila lowutsongo swinene:



Question 19

Xivutiso 19


(1)

The height of your classroom door is closest to: (Circle the correct answer)

Vulehi bya rivanti ra tlilasi ri kusuhi swinene na: (Tsondzela nhlamulo leyi faneleke)

- a) 1 m
- b) 2 m
- c) 3 m
- d) 4 m

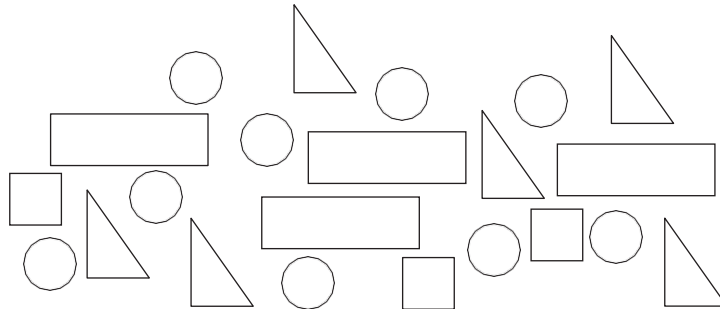
Written assessment items for Measurement: solutions and mark allocations

<p>18. (1 mark for the correct answer) (Maraka yi1 ka nhlamulo yin'wana na yin'wana leyi faneleke)</p> 	<p>(1)</p>
<p>19. (1 mark for the correct answer) (Maraka yi1 ka nhlamulo yin'wana na yin'wana leyi faneleke)</p> <p>b) 2 m</p>	<p>(1)</p>

Written assessment items for Data handling

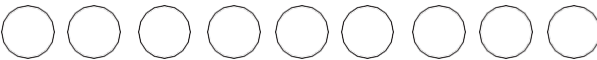


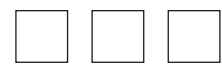




Question 20 Xivutiso 20

Sort the shapes.
Lunghisa swivumbeko.



- a) Make a drawing of your sorted shapes. (4)
Endla swidirowiwa swa swivumbeko.
- b) How many shapes of each type did you draw? (4)
Xana ku na tinxaka tingani ta swivumbeko leswi u nga dirowa?

Written assessment items for Data handling: solutions and mark allocations

<p>20. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Maraka yi1 ka nhlamulo yin'wana na yin'wana leyi faneleke)</p> <p>a)    </p> <p>b) Circles/ Swikwere = 9; triangles/ yinhlanmarhu = 6; rectangles/ tirhekthengula = 4; squares/ swikwere = 3</p> <p> = 9</p> <p> = 6</p> <p> = 4</p> <p> = 3</p>	<p>(4) + (4)</p>
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Written Assessment: English / Tshivenda

4. ITEM BANK FOR WRITTEN ASSESSMENT

Written assessment items for Number, operations and relationships

Question 1

Mbudziso 1

(4)

- a) Draw objects for the number 15, showing tens and units.
Olani zwithu zwa nomboro 15 ni sumbedze mahumi navhuthihi.
- b) Draw objects for the number 23, showing tens and units.
Olani zwithu zwa nomboro 23 ni sumbedze mahumi navhuthihi.

Question 2

Mbudziso 2

(2)

- a) Write the number name for 12.
Nwalani dzinambalo la nomboro 12
- _____
- b) Write the number name for 21.
Nwalani dzinanomboro la nomboro 21
- _____

Question 3

Mbudziso 3

(2)

Circle the biggest number and make a cross over the smallest number.
Tingeledzani nomboro khulwanesa ni ite tshifhambano kha nomboro thukhusa.

16	14	11	18	17	19	13
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Question 4

Mbudziso 4

(1)

Arrange these numbers from biggest to smallest: 11, 19, 21, 10.
Nwalani nomboro idzi u bva kha khulwanesa u swika kha thukhusa: 11, 19, 21, 10.

Question 5

Mbudziso 5

(1)

Arrange these numbers from smallest to biggest: 21, 16, 12, 20.
Nwalani nomboro ubva kha thukhusa u swika kha khulwanesa: 21, 16, 12, 20.

Question 6
Mbudziso 6

(2)

Write down two numbers that are bigger than 21, but smaller than 25.
Nwalani nomboro mmbiri dzi re vhukati ha 21 na 25.

Question 7
Mbudziso 7

(5)

Add the following:

Tanganyisani zwi tevheleho:

a) $3 + 7 = \square$

b) $9 + 4 = \square$

c) $16 + 3 = \square$

d) $5 + 4 = \square$

e) $8 + 9 = \square$

Question 8
Mbudziso 8

(5)

Subtract the following:

Tusani zwi tevhelaho:

a) $9 - 5 = \square$

b) $18 - 7 = \square$

c) $11 - 4 = \square$

d) $16 - 4 = \square$

e) $17 - 9 = \square$

Question 9
Mbudziso 9

(2)

Mbali has 6 sweets. Mpho gives her 9 more. How many sweets does Mbali have altogether?

Mbali u na maḽegere a 6. Mpho u mu fha maḽwe hafhu a 9. Mbali u na maḽegere mangana oḽhe o ṽangana?

Question 10
Mbudziso 10

(2)

Calculate:

Vhalelani:

a) Double 4 _____

4 mmbili _____

b) Double 9 _____

9 mmbili _____

Question 11
Mbudziso 11

(2)

Draw two rows with five circles in each row.

Dirowa tinxaxa timbirhi ti va na ntlhanu wa swirhendzevutana ka nxaxa wun'wana na wun'wana.

How many circles are there altogether? _____

Olani bada mmbili dza zwitingeledzi zwiṭanu. Hu na zwitingeledzi zwingana zwoṭhe zwo fhelela?

Question 12
Mbudziso 12

(2)

- a) Circle four coins that will make up 50c.
Tingeledzani khoini nḡa dzi no ita 50c.



- b) Write the values on the notes to make up R30.
Nwalani tshelede dza bammbiri dzi no ita R30.

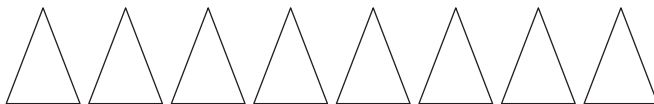
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Question 13
Potso 13

(1)

Share the following triangles into 2 equal groups.

Kovhekanyani dzithirayiengele dzi bve zwigwada zwivhili.



<p>7. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Maraga nthihi ya phindulo ire yone)</p> <p>a) $3 + 7 = \boxed{10}$</p> <p>b) $9 + 4 = \boxed{13}$</p> <p>c) $16 + 3 = \boxed{19}$</p> <p>d) $5 + 4 = \boxed{9}$</p> <p>e) $8 + 9 = \boxed{17}$</p>	(5)
<p>8. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Maraga nthihi ya phindulo ire yone)</p> <p>a) $9 - 5 = \boxed{4}$</p> <p>b) $18 - 7 = \boxed{11}$</p> <p>c) $11 - 4 = \boxed{7}$</p> <p>d) $16 - 4 = \boxed{12}$</p> <p>e) $17 - 9 = \boxed{8}$</p>	(5)
<p>9. (2 marks for the correct answer) (Maraga mmbili ya phindulo ire yone)</p> <p>$6 + 9 = 15$</p> <p>Mbali has 15 sweets Mbali u na majegere a 15</p>	(2)
<p>10. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Maraga nthihi ya phindulo ire yone)</p> <p>a) 8 b) 18</p>	(2)
<p>11. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Maraga nthihi ya phindulo ire yone)</p> <p>a) $\begin{array}{c} \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \\ \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \\ 5 + 5 = 10 \end{array}$</p>	(2)
<p>12. (marks as below) (maraga dzi tevhelaho)</p> <p>a) Circle Tingeledza 20c, 10c, 10c, 10c (maraga 1)</p> <p>b) Write R10 on each note Nwalani R10 kha tshelede irwe na irwe ya bammbiri (maraga 1)</p>	(2)
<p>13. (1 mark for the correct answer) (maraga nthihi ya phindulo irwe na irwe ire yone)</p> <p>$\begin{array}{c} \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \\ \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \end{array}$</p> <p>(two groups of 4 in each must be drawn/circled) (ho tea u tingeledza zwigwada zwa thirayiengele dza 4)</p>	(1)

Written assessment items for Patterns

Question 14

Mbudziso 14

(1)

Fill in the missing number:

Ñwalani nomboro I khou tshelaho:

10, 15, _____, 25, 30

Question 15

Mbudziso 15

(5)

Complete the following patterns:

Fhedzisani phetheni i tevhelaho:

a) 10, _____, _____, 40, 50, 60, _____

b) 2, 4, _____, 8, 10, _____

Question 16

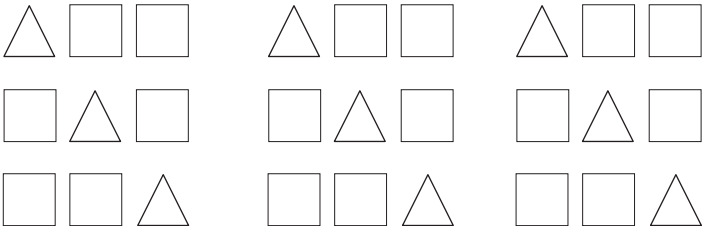
Potšišo 16

(4)

Draw a pattern using one triangle and two squares. Copy and extend the pattern.

Olani phetheni ni shumise thirayiengele na zwiwkwere zwiwihili. Kopani ni engedze phetheni.

Written assessment items Patterns: solutions and mark allocations

<p>14. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Maraga nthihi ya phindulo iñwe na iñwe ire yone)</p> <p>20</p>	<p>(1)</p>
<p>15. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Maraga nthihi ya phindulo iñwe na iñwe ire yone)</p> <p>a) 20, 30, ..., 70</p> <p>b) 6, ..., 12</p>	<p>(5)</p>
<p>16. Answers will vary. Check that the pattern satisfies what the question asks. Draw the three shapes (2) and at least two repeats of the pattern (2). For example:</p> <p>Phindulo dzi a fhambana. Kha vha vhone uri phetheni I na phindulo ya mbudziso ye vha i vhudzisa. Olani zwiwumbeo zwiraru na u dovhola kavhili ha phetheni. Tsumbo:</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div>	<p>(4)</p>

Written assessment items for Space and shape

Question 17

Mbudziso 17

(4)

Say if the following will roll or slide:

Zwitevhelaho zwi a kunguluwa kana u suvha:

- a) a ball
bola
- b) a box
bogisi
- c) a can of cool drink
tshikoṭikoṭi tsha nyamunaithi/ khoḍiringi

Written assessment items for Space and shape: solutions and mark allocations

17. (1 mark for each correct answer) (Maraga nthihi ya phindulo ire yone)	(4)
a) roll/ kunguluwa (1)	
b) slide/ suvha (1)	
c) roll and slide/ kunguluwa na u suvha (2)	

Written assessment items for Measurement

Question 18

Mbudziso 18

(1)

Circle the line that is shortest:

Tingeledzani mutalo ure mupfufhisa:



Question 19

Mbudziso 19

(1)

The height of your classroom door is closest to: (Circle the correct answer)

Vhulapfu ha kłasi vhu tsini na : (Tingeledzani phindulo ire yone)

- a) 1 m
- b) 2 m
- c) 3 m
- d) 4 m

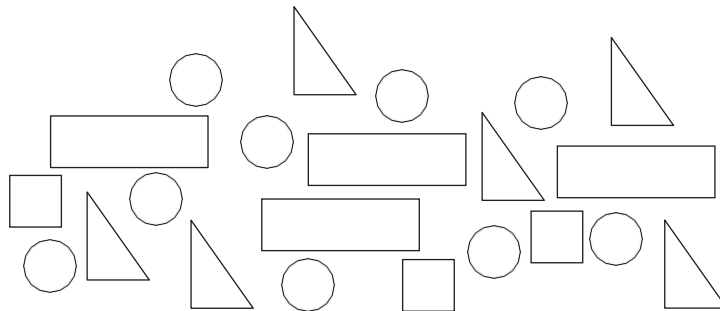
Written assessment items for Measurement: solutions and mark allocations

18. (1 mark for the correct answer) (Maraga nthihi ya phindulo ire yone) 	(1)
19. (1 mark for the correct answer) (Maraga nthihi ya phindulo ire yone) b) 2 m	(1)

Written assessment items for Data handling

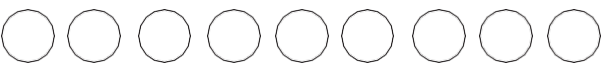
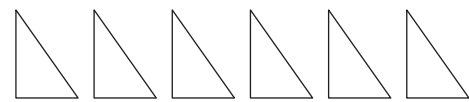


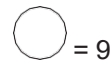
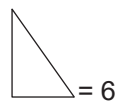

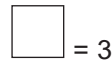
Question 20 Mbuziso 20

Sort the shapes.
Dzudzanyani zwivhumbeo.



- a) Make a drawing of your sorted shapes. (4)
Olani tshifanyiso nga zwivhumbeo zwanu.
- b) How many shapes of each type did you draw? (4)
No ola zwivhumbeo zwingana zwo fhambanaho?

Written assessment items for Data handling: solutions and mark allocations

<p>20. (1 mark for each correct answer) (maraga nthihi ya phindulo ire yone)</p> <p>a)</p>     <p>b) Circles/ Zwitingeledzi = 9; triangles/ thiraiengele = 6; rectangles/ rekhithengele = 4; squares/ zwikwea = 3</p>    	<p>(4) + (4)</p>
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