

TEACHING PLAN: MATHEMATICS GRADE 9 TERM 1 2021

LESSON NO	DATE	TOPIC	MENTAL MATHS	LESSON NAME	DBE WORKBOOK	TEXT BOOK
1		Revision		Grade 8 Work Revision: Diagnostic tests		
2		Revision		Grade 8 work Revision: Diagnostic tests		
3		Revision		Grade 8 work Revision: Diagnostic tests		
4		Whole Numbers 1.1 Pp 119		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Properties of whole Numbers Describe the real number system by recognising, defining and distinguishing properties of: • natural numbers, whole numbers, integers, rational numbers, irrational numbers 		
5		Whole Numbers 1.1 Pp 119		Calculations with whole numbers Calculations using all four operations on whole numbers, estimating and using calculators where appropriate <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – -Addition and subtraction 		
6		Whole Numbers 1.1 Pp 119		Calculations with whole numbers Calculations using all four operations on whole numbers, estimating and using calculators where appropriate <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multiplication and division 		
7		Whole Numbers 1.1 Pp 119		Multiples and factors <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Use prime factorisation of numbers to find LCM and HCF 		
8		Whole Numbers 1.1 Pp 120		Solving problems <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solve problems in contexts involving: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Ratio and rate 		
9		Whole Numbers 1.1 Pp 120		Solving problems <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solve problems in contexts involving -Direct and indirect proportion		
10		Whole Numbers 1.1 Pp 119		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The commutative; associative; distributive properties of whole numbers • 0 in terms of its additive property (identity element for addition) • 1 in terms of its multiplicative property (identify element for multiplication) 		

				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Recognise the division property of 0, whereby any number divided by 0 is undefined 		
11		INTEGERS 1.3 Pp121		Calculations with integers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Revise: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – addition and subtraction with integers 		
12		INTEGERS 1.3 Pp121		Calculations with integers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Multiplication and division with integers – perform calculations involving all four – operations with integers 		
13		INTEGERS 1.3 Pp121		Calculations with integers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – perform calculations involving all four operations with numbers that involve the squares, cubes, square roots and cube roots of integers 		
14		INTEGERS 1.3 Pp121		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Properties of Integers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Commutative, associative and distributive properties of addition and multiplication for integers 		
15		INTEGERS 1.3 Pp121		Properties of integers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Additive and multiplicative inverses for integers 		
16		INTEGERS 1.3 Pp121		Properties of integers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Perform calculations involving all four operations with numbers that involve squares, cubes, square roots and cube roots of integers 		
17		INTEGERS 1.3 Pp121		Properties of integers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Calculate the squares, cubes, square roots and cube roots of rational numbers 		
18				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Whole numbers and Integers Revision 		
19				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – FORMAL TASK: ASSIGNMENT: WHOLE NUMBERS & INTEGERS 		
20				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Formal task revision and consolidation 		
21		EXPONENTS 1.2 Pp 124		Calculations using numbers in exponential form <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Revise the following general laws of exponents. • Multiplication $a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$ 		

22		EXPONENTS 1.2 Pp 124		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Division <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – $a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}$, if $m > n$ 		
23		EXPONENTS 1.2 Pp 124		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Powers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – $(a^m)^n = a^{m \times n}$ 		
24		EXPONENTS 1.2 Pp 124		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Brackets <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – $(a \times t)^n = a^n \times t^n$ 		
25		EXPONENTS 1.2 Pp 125		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any number to power zero <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • $a^0 = 1$ 		
26		EXPONENTS 1.2 Pp 125		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extend the general laws of exponents to include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • integer exponents 		
27		EXPONENTS 1.2 Pp 125		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extend the general laws of exponents to include: $a^{-m} = \frac{1}{a^m}$ 		
28		EXPONENTS 1.2 Pp 125		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Perform calculations involving all four operations using numbers in exponential form 		
29		EXPONENTS 1.2 Pp 125		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Recognize and use the appropriate laws of numbers involving exponents and square and cube roots 		
30				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Exponents revision and consolidation 		
31		NUMERIC AND GEOMETRIC PATTERNS: 2.1 Pp126		NUMERIC PATTERNS Investigate and extend patterns <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Investigate and extend numeric and geometric patterns looking for relationships between numbers including patterns: 		
32		NUMERIC AND GEOMETRIC PATTERNS: 2.1 Pp126		NUMERIC PATTERNS <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • represented in physical or diagram form, not limited to sequences involving a constant difference or ratio, of learner's own creation, represented in tables, represented algebraically 		
33		NUMERIC AND GEOMETRIC PATTERNS: 2.1 Pp126		NUMERIC PATTERNS Describe and justify the general rules for observed relationships between numbers in own words or in algebraic language		
34		NUMERIC AND GEOMETRIC PATTERNS: 2.1Pp126-7		NUMERIC PATTERNS Determine input values, output values and rules for patterns given in input-output diagrams		

35		NUMERIC AND GEOMETRIC PATTERNS: 2.1 Pp126-7		NUMERIC PATTERNS Determine equivalence of different descriptions of the same relationship or rule presented verbally, in a flow diagram, by a number sentence.		
36				Revision & consolidation on Numeric Patterns		
37				Whole Numbers Revision		
38				Integers Revision		
39				Exponents revision		
40				FORMAL TASK: TEST		
41				Revision of Test		
42				Revision of test		
43				Revision and consolidation of covered topics		
44				Revision and consolidation of covered topics		
45				Revision and consolidation of covered topics		
46				Revision and consolidation of covered topics		
47				School closure		

Programme of assessment 2021

Term	Assessment Type	Weighting
1	Assignment	80%
	Test	
2	Investigation	
	Test	
3	Project	
	Test	
4	Test	20%

GRADE 9 2021 LESSON PLANS EXEMPLAR TERM 1

DAY 4 TOPIC: WHOLE NUMBERS		LESSON PLAN 4				GRADE 9 DATE:																															
COMPONENTS	TIME	TASKS/ACTIVITIES				CAPS CONTENT AREA																															
WHOLE CLASS ACTIVITY	3 Min	PSS: Looking after myself during Covid				Numbers, operations, and relations																															
MENTAL MATHS	7 Min	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; margin-top: 10px;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 10%;">NO</th> <th style="width: 15%;">qsn</th> <th style="width: 15%;">Ans</th> <th style="width: 10%;">No</th> <th style="width: 15%;">qsn</th> <th style="width: 15%;">Ans</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>20+0</td> <td>20</td> <td>5</td> <td>12÷1</td> <td>12</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>12×1</td> <td>12</td> <td>6</td> <td>6-0</td> <td>6</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>0×15</td> <td>0</td> <td>7</td> <td>-4+(-3)</td> <td>-7</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>-8+1</td> <td>-7</td> <td>8</td> <td>-4x-2</td> <td>8</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				NO	qsn	Ans	No	qsn	Ans	1	20+0	20	5	12÷1	12	2	12×1	12	6	6-0	6	3	0×15	0	7	-4+(-3)	-7	4	-8+1	-7	8	-4x-2	8	CONCEPT AND SKILLS: Properties of whole Numbers Describe the real number system by recognising, defining and distinguishing properties of: natural numbers, whole numbers, integers, rational numbers, irrational numbers	
NO	qsn	Ans	No	qsn	Ans																																
1	20+0	20	5	12÷1	12																																
2	12×1	12	6	6-0	6																																
3	0×15	0	7	-4+(-3)	-7																																
4	-8+1	-7	8	-4x-2	8																																
HOMEWORK	10 Min	Revision of homework problems given during last lesson				KEY WORDS: Natural numbers, whole numbers, Rational numbers, Irrational numbers																															
PRIOR KNOWLEDGE	Learners know definitions and can give examples whole numbers, prime numbers, even numbers and integers																																				
LESSON CONTENT/CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT	20 Min	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Teacher and learners define the properties of numbers, giving examples of each of the following: - natural numbers, whole numbers, integers, rational numbers, irrational numbers, prime numbers, composite numbers, real and non-real numbers - Learners identify the name of number from a given description in groups. Teacher and learners do corrections of work given in groups on the board as a whole class activity. 																																			
CLASSWORK ACTIVITY	20 Min	Learners to draw giving own examples of the real number system venn diagram																																			
HOMEWORK		Match the numbers to the number type below <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; margin-top: 5px;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 30%;"></th> <th style="width: 35%;">Number</th> <th style="width: 35%;">Example</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td>1;2;3;4...</td> <td>Irrational number(Q'')</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> <td>$\sqrt{3};\pi$</td> <td>Natural Numbers(N)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">3</td> <td>0;1;2;3;4....</td> <td>Rational numbers(Q)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">4</td> <td>$\frac{1}{2};0.25$</td> <td>Integers (Z)</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">5</td> <td>-4;-3;-2;-1;0;1;2;3</td> <td>Whole numbers (No)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>							Number	Example	1	1;2;3;4...	Irrational number(Q'')	2	$\sqrt{3};\pi$	Natural Numbers(N)	3	0;1;2;3;4....	Rational numbers(Q)	4	$\frac{1}{2};0.25$	Integers (Z)	5	-4;-3;-2;-1;0;1;2;3	Whole numbers (No)												
	Number	Example																																			
1	1;2;3;4...	Irrational number(Q'')																																			
2	$\sqrt{3};\pi$	Natural Numbers(N)																																			
3	0;1;2;3;4....	Rational numbers(Q)																																			
4	$\frac{1}{2};0.25$	Integers (Z)																																			
5	-4;-3;-2;-1;0;1;2;3	Whole numbers (No)																																			
LESSON REFLECTION		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Successes: What went well in the lesson? • Challenges: What did not go well? • Recommendations: What changes are necessary to improve the lesson? 																																			

GRADE 9 2021 LESSON PLANS EXEMPLAR TERM 1

DAY 5		LESSON PLAN 5	GRADE 9
TOPIC: WHOLE NUMBERS :ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION			Date:
COMPONENTS	TIME	TASKS/ACTIVITIES	CAPS CONTENT AREA
WHOLE CLASS ACTIVITY	3 Min	PSS: Caring for the sick: What should I do?	Numbers, operations, and relations
MENTAL MATHS	7 Min	Estimate the following answers 1. 1.10×30 2. $2.50 \times \frac{1}{2}$ 3. $3,2456 \div 1000$ 4. $2.00 \div 0.5$ 5. $1.02 + 29$ 6. $2169 - 200$	CONCEPT AND SKILLS: Calculations with whole numbers Calculations using all four operations on whole numbers, estimating and using calculators where appropriate
HOMEWORK	10 Min	Teacher and learners revise homework given. Solutions: 1. Natural numbers; 2. Irrational numbers; 3. Whole numbers; 4. Rational numbers; 5. integers	KEY WORDS: Estimation, Rounding off, compensation, calculator
PRIOR KNOWLEDGE	Learners are able to round off numbers, add and subtract as well as using calculator from Grade 8		
LESSON CONTENT/CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT	20 Min	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Teacher and learners discuss the meaning of estimating and rounding off and how it can be used to simplify calculations – Revise rounding off rules – Examples on rounding off numbers to the nearest 10; 100 and 1000 e.g. round off 6782 to nearest 10 (=6780); nearest 100(=6800); to nearest 1000(=7000) Solve $45678 + 12654$ by rounding off and compensating: $46\ 000 + 13\ 000 = 59\ 000$ $46\ 000 - 45678 = 322$ and $13\ 000 - 12\ 654 = 346$ $322 + 346 = 668$ Therefore $59\ 000 - 668 = 58\ 332$	
CLASSWORK ACTIVITY	20 Min	Solve the following using rounding off and compensating 1. $245\ 898 + 241\ 134$ 2. $998\ 432 - 654\ 004$	
HOMEWORK		1. Estimate the value of $815 - 341$ by rounding off to the nearest 10	
LESSON REFLECTION		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Successes: What went well in the lesson? • Challenges: What did not go well? • Recommendations: What changes are necessary to improve the lesson? 	

GRADE 9 2021 LESSON PLANS EXEMPLAR TERM 1

DAY 6		LESSON PLAN 6	GRADE 9																																																																						
TOPIC: WHOLE NUMBERS: MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION		Date:																																																																							
COMPONENTS	TIME	TASKS/ACTIVITIES	CAPS CONTENT AREA																																																																						
WHOLE CLASS ACTIVITY	3 Min	PSS: Caring for others	Numbers, operations, and relations																																																																						
MENTAL MATHS	7 Min	Write each of the following as a single number 1. $3000+400+50+6$ 2. $40\ 000+3000+200+10+8$ 3. $500\ 000+50\ 000+4000+600+60+1$ 4. $60000+9000+400+0+3$	CONCEPT AND SKILLS Calculations with whole numbers Calculations using all four operations on whole numbers, estimating and using calculators where appropriate																																																																						
HOMEWORK	10 Min	Revise work given previous day	KEY WORDS: Addition. Multiplication, Division, Halving. Doubling																																																																						
PRIOR KNOWLEDGE	Learners know multiplication and long division from Grade 8																																																																								
LESSON CONTENT/CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT	20 Min	<p>Teacher demonstrate multiplication method using</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. doubling and halving and 2. column methods <p>Teacher revises long division with learners e.g $13\ 455 \div 9$</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <tbody> <tr><td></td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>4</td><td>9</td><td>5</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>1</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>5</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>-</td><td>9</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td>4</td><td>4</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>-</td><td>3</td><td>6</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>8</td><td>5</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>8</td><td>1</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>4</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Thus $13\ 455 \div 9 = 1\ 495$</p>		0	1	4	9	5		9	1	3	4	5	5			-	9							4	4					-	3	6							8	5						-	8	1						4	5						-	4	5						0	0	
	0	1	4	9	5																																																																				
9	1	3	4	5	5																																																																				
	-	9																																																																							
		4	4																																																																						
	-	3	6																																																																						
			8	5																																																																					
			-	8	1																																																																				
				4	5																																																																				
				-	4	5																																																																			
					0	0																																																																			
CLASSWORK ACTIVITY	20 Min	Learners to do the following in groups where possible Simplify the following 1. $44\ 252 \times 32$ 2. $54\ 762 \div 22$																																																																							
HOMEWORK		Simplify :1. $15\ 623 \times 12$ 2. $64\ 246 \div 31$																																																																							
LESSON REFLECTION		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Successes: What went well in the lesson? • Challenges: What did not go well? <p>Recommendations: What changes are necessary to improve the lesson?</p>																																																																							

GRADE 9 2021 LESSON PLANS EXEMPLAR TERM 1

DAY 7		LESSON PLAN 7		GRADE 9																																														
TOPIC: WHOLE NUMBERS: MULTIPLES AND FACTORS			Date:																																															
COMPONENTS	TIME	TASKS/ACTIVITIES		CAPS CONTENT AREA																																														
WHOLE CLASS ACTIVITY	3 Min	PSS: Healthy eating during Covid		Numbers, operations, and relations																																														
MENTAL MATHS	7 Min	Match column A and column B <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;">Column A</th> <th style="width: 50%;">Column B</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>LCM</td> <td>A number that gets into a bigger number without remainder</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Factor</td> <td>Product of one number and another number</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Multiples</td> <td>Highest common Factor</td> </tr> <tr> <td>HCF</td> <td>Lowest common Multiple</td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Column A	Column B	LCM	A number that gets into a bigger number without remainder	Factor	Product of one number and another number	Multiples	Highest common Factor	HCF	Lowest common Multiple			CONCEPT AND SKILLS Use prime factorisation of numbers to find LCM and HCF																																		
Column A	Column B																																																	
LCM	A number that gets into a bigger number without remainder																																																	
Factor	Product of one number and another number																																																	
Multiples	Highest common Factor																																																	
HCF	Lowest common Multiple																																																	
HOMEWORK	10 Min	Revise work given previous day solutions 1. $15623 \times 12 = 187476$ 2. $64246 \div 31 = 2072 \text{ rem } 14$		KEY WORDS: Factors; prime factor, HCF, LCM, Factorisation																																														
PRIOR KNOWLEDGE	Learners know how to find HCF and LCM from Grade 8																																																	
LESSON CONTENT/CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT	20 Min	Teacher defines the key words with the learners Learners express numbers as products of their prime factors using the method of dividing the number by the prime factors. Example 1. Express the following numbers as products of their prime numbers (a)28 (b)124 (c)135 <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tbody> <tr> <td style="width: 10%;">2</td><td style="width: 10%;">28</td><td style="width: 10%;"></td><td style="width: 10%;">2</td><td style="width: 10%;">124</td><td style="width: 10%;"></td><td style="width: 10%;">3</td><td style="width: 10%;">135</td><td style="width: 10%;"></td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>14</td><td></td><td>2</td><td>62</td><td></td><td>3</td><td>45</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>7</td><td>7</td><td></td><td>31</td><td>31</td><td></td><td>3</td><td>15</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td>5</td><td>5</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td></tr> </tbody> </table> 28=2x2x7 124=2x2x31 135=3x3x3x5 Example 2. Find the HCF and LCM of 28 and 124 Solution: For Highest common factors we take each common factor and multiply 28=2x2x7 124=2x2x31 HCF=2x2=4 For LCM we take the greatest number of each factor and multiply 28=2x2x7 124=2x2x31 LCM=2x2x7x31=868				2	28		2	124		3	135		2	14		2	62		3	45		7	7		31	31		3	15			1			1		5	5									1	
2	28		2	124		3	135																																											
2	14		2	62		3	45																																											
7	7		31	31		3	15																																											
	1			1		5	5																																											
							1																																											

CLASSWORK ACTIVITY	20 Min	Find the HCF and LCM of the following: 1. 50 and 80 2. 36 and 60 3. 56 and 52
HOMEWORK		Find the HCF and LCM of 15 and 40 ;18 and 24
LESSON REFLECTION		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Successes: What went well in the lesson? • Challenges: What did not go well? Recommendations: What changes are necessary to improve the lesson?

GRADE 9 2021 LESSON PLANS EXEMPLAR TERM 1

DAY 8		LESSON PLAN 8		GRADE 9	
TOPIC: WHOLE NUMBERS: RATIO, RATE AND PROPORTION			Date:		
COMPONENTS	TIME	TASKS/ACTIVITIES		CAPS CONTENT AREA	
WHOLE CLASS ACTIVITY	3 Min	PSS: Need for aerobics		Numbers, operations, and relations	
MENTAL MATHS	7 Min	Simplify the following: 1.4:2 2.20%:50% 3.30/60		CONCEPT AND SKILLS Solving problems Solve problems in contexts involving: -Ratio and rate Direct and indirect proportion	
HOMEWORK	10 Min	Revise work given previous day		KEY WORDS: Ratio, Rate, proportion	
PRIOR KNOWLEDGE	Learners have idea of rates and ratio from Grade 8				
LESSON CONTENT/CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT	20 Min	Teacher asks learners to explain their meaning of Ratio, giving own examples. Demonstrates to learners the ratio of blue chalk stick/ blocks to red chalk sticks/blocks Define ratio as a way of comparing 2 or more quantities of same kind, written as a: b where a and b are quantities. Ratio have no units and order is important. Teacher asks learners to state the ratio of boys to girls in the class. Ratios are always expressed in simpler form e.g.12:4 =3:1 Ratios can be expressed as % e.g. 3:6 =3/6x100%=50% Rate is a special ratio in which the two terms are in different units eg km/hr Where we are comparing distance covered in a certain time period. Rate normally uses the word per eg, US\$ per Rand or Price per litre Example :10 litres of petrol cost R150, what is the price of petrol per litre? Answer: price per litre = 150/10 =R15/litre			
CLASSWORK ACTIVITY	20 Min	1. Simplify the following ratios (a) 6:12, (b) 9:12:15 2. Express 3:2 as a percentage 3. A boy can run 100m in 6mins, how far can he run in an Hour/			
HOMEWORK		1.Simplify (a) 12:48 (b) 6:15:90 2, Express 4:5 as a percentage			
LESSON REFLECTION		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Successes: What went well in the lesson? • Challenges: What did not go well? • Recommendations: What changes are necessary to improve the lesson? 			